DAILY DEMOCRAT-FORUM

LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY DAILY PAPER IN ANY MISSOURI TOWN OF 5000 POPULATION

VOLUME 5. MARYVILLE, MISSOURI, MONDAY, NOV. 2, 1914. NO. 130.

VOTE FOR—

Dan Baker for Recorder

Clean and Capable--Wants Only One Term

OPPOSES TOWNSHIP

BARNARDITE SEES $5,000 ANNUAL SAVING BL CHANGE.

PREDICTS BETTER WORK

S. H. Conlin Believes Central County Government Would Be Economical and Physical Saving.

That the proposition to abolish township organization and offices which are to be voted on in Nodaway county at tomorrow's election, is creating no little interest, is attested by the number of communications and editorials being published in the various papers of the county and by the discussions heard on the streets, and all gatherings of tax payers.

The Democrat-Forum has gladly, since the matter came up, printed all communications that have been sent in, relative to the proposition whether the writer favored or disfavored the proposition. It is hoped that every voter in the county will vote one way or the other on the proposition tomorrow so that it may be decided at least for several years to come definitely the tax payers stand.

The following communication is submitted for your perusal today:

Editor of the Democrat-Forum:

Several letters and communications have appeared in your paper recently relative to the proposition to vote on the abolishment of township organization and it would seem that some one should urge the people to inquire into the matter carefully without prejudice. Let us look at it as if we were running a business of our own. The more centralized the organization of any business, the more efficient the work and the more economic the expenditure of work and money.

It is a fact that no organization with sixteen heads can be as efficient as a single head. As it is under township organization we have a township board in each township and a county court all, administering similar duties. Often they are called upon to share the labor and expense often overlapping.

We have fifteen township boards of two members and a trustee each, who receive $1.50 each for every day of the board meeting; also an assessor who acts as clerk of the board at $1.50 per day. Men must of necessity neglect their own business to attend to the duties of their offices as they must have some means of making a livelihood outside of the pay received from sitting on the board. As a consequence it is a rare exception to find a man who can afford to and does take the time to properly attend the duties of his office as a member of the board.

We have a few of as good road men under township organization as we could hope for under county organization and they are doing excellent work but they are rare jewels among the chaff and would not need be cast off because of a change of policy or organization.

So far as road work is concerned the greatest short coming is lack of uniformity of work and practically the impossibility of getting the grading work done at the season of the year when the work should be done.

If grading crews were put on the job in the spring of the year and kept steadily at it, it would prove beyond a doubt that much better work can be done then than at any other time of the year. As much can be done for $1 in April, May or June as can be done ordinarily for $2 in August, September or October, as the bulk of the work is done.

If all work were done through the county court they would not order a bridge nor a culvert installed without at the same time providing for filling and all other necessary improvement coincident with that work. As it is under township organization they often order a bridge or culvert built with the understanding that the township make the fill. After the bridge is built, the township board and overseer find that they do not have the money in that district with which to pay for making a fill, or else it looks like a bigger job than they thought it would be and refuse to do their part, and the bridge stands useless and a sore spot to all concerned.

It is not expecting too much that the township should share a part of the burden since the county is putting in only permanent improvements. The cost is greatly increased over the old structure and the township is relieved not only from repairs to these structures but many bridges and culverts that were formerly township affairs now become county structures.

The county is taking an extra burden and the township is being relieved. In many instances this is fully appreciated and they gladly make the fills and the improvements after the county puts in the bridges, but this form of partnership breeds discontent and a non-uniformity in work.

I have made inquiry and find that the county gets 14 cents on the $100 valuation for road and bridge fund while the township gets 25 cents and in most cases an additional 10 cents on the $100 valuation which makes practically two and one-half times as much money in each township for road and bridge purposes in the hands of the township board as the county has to spend in each township. Hence the

(Continued on page 8.)

—ADVERTISEMENT

REMEMBER TO RE-ELECT WRAY RECORDER, THAT'S REASONABLE

GRANT CITY TO FAME.

Minister's Civic Enterprise Will Be Lauded by Large Magazines.

A real down earnest civic enterprise last summer by the Rev. N. M. Tatum, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Grant City, in building up the membership of that city's Commercial club, has resulted in the Worth county metropolis getting no little fame. Beside a big "write-up" of this said minister and his worn, the erwill be boosts for Grant City and pictures depicting the best scenes there in such magazines and periodicals as the Review of Reviews, the Country Gentleman, Breeders' Gazette, Wallace's Farmer and the Prairie Farmer.

"The article will be a big advertisement for this town and community," says the Worth County Times. "It will put Grant City favorably before millions of readers from one end of the country to another. Grant City is proud to have in its midst a minister who is broader than the narrow confines of his own congregation and works with the business men for the betterment of the town and county. He is a good citizen and a good minister."

Tell Farmer by Road Adjoining.

"It used to be, 'You can tell a man by the company he keeps.' It has new been changed to, 'You can tell a farme rby the roads he keeps.'" says the Hopkins Journal. "We drove to Maryville the first of the week, going the ridge route, and we want to compliment the men living north of the county seat on the excellent condition of the roads.

"Where the drag had been used the roads were like a race track, and where it had not been used the roads were rougher than a government mule. Where the roads were smooth, it made the farms look worth easily fifteen dollars an acre more, so it pays to use the drag, as well as the comfort that is derived in riding over the well kept thoroughfares."

Read Democrat-Forum want ads.

Return From Visit.

Mr. and Mrs. William Langan and little granddaughter, Winifred Baker, returned last night from a three weeks visit with relatives at Carlysle, Ill.; Chicago and St. Louis.

ADVICE TO VOTERS

The polls at every voting precinct in Nodaway county will be open tomorrow from 7 o'clock in the morning until 6 o'clock that night.

When you present yourself at your respective voting place you will be given one large sheet containing the text of each of the fifteen proposed amendments with a large "no" and a "yes" adjoining each amendment. If you favor an amendment scratch the "no." If you oppose, mark out the "yes." Return to election judges.

You will also be given six "ribbon" party tickets, representing the Democrat, Republican, Progressive, Prohibition, Socialist and Socialist-Labor political parties. All voting must be done under one party head. If you desire to vote for a candidate on some other party ticket, scratch out the name of the candidate for that particular office on your party ticket and write in the name of the preferred candidate. You mark but one ticket. Return the remaining five to the judges for discard.

You will also receive two small slips, on one of which will be marked "For township organization," and on the other, "Against township organization." If you favor township organization as at present, return the slip marked "For township organization" to the election judge to be placed in the ballot box. If you are against it, return the other to the ballot box. The rejected slip is to be returned, but for discard only.

SERUM SAVES CHOLERA HOGS

Government Experts Kept 98 Per Cent From Dying in South.

The treatment of hogs exposed to the risk of contagion from hog cholera with anti-hog cholera serum has saved all but 2.27 per cent in the Southern states, according to reports received by the United States department of agriculture from local agents engaged in demonstration work in this section.

These reports show that the county agents inoculated, in the year ending June 30, 1914, a total of 34,636 hogs that were in good health at the time but were exposed to the disease. Of this number only 787 died. This loss of 2.27 per cent is regarded as highly gratifying evidence of the value of the preventive treatment with anti-hog cholera serum.

Although many authorities do not recommend this treatment after the hog is sick that signs of the disease are plainly visible, the agents in many cases took a "fighting chance." The results would seem, on the whole, to have been very satisfactory. Including sick and well animals, a grand total of 41,974 hogs exposed to the disease received the serum. Of these, 3,004 died, a percentage of loss of 7.15.

In considering these figures, scientists point out that the work was done under ordinary farm conditions, and not by trained experts in laboratories. In addition, a very large number of hogs were inoculated by veterinarians or by farmers themselves. In these cases no figures are available to show the exact results of the treatment.

Department experts also point out, however, that inoculation alone is not sufficient and does not remove the necessity for sanitary and other precautions; for example, hogs should be fed for a few days after the treatment on cooling laxative foods. They should be removed to uninfected and clean pens where there is plenty of shade, and care should be taken to free them from lice and worms.

Will Continue One Week.

The evangelistic services which are being conducted in the Christian church at Gaynor City with Evangelist J. W. Borden in charge, continues to draw fairly large crowds. There have been seven additions to the church membership so far. The revival will close next Sunday night.

Here From Columbia.

Miss Alice Barr, a student at the University of Missouri, arrived in Maryville Saturday morning to spend a few days visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Barr, before their departure for their new home in southern Texas.

Visited at Barnard.

Miss Nelle Campbell spent yesterday at Barnard visiting her cousin, Walter Campbell, who is seriously ill. Mr. Campbell has just returned from a stay of several weeks at Rochester, Minn.

Here from Fairfax.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cook of Fairfax spent yesterday in the city the guests of Mrs. B. E. Condon, and family.

Home From Wyoming.

Miss Gertrude Kirch has returned from a two months stay at Casper, Wyo., where she was the guest of her brothers, Lawrence and Al Kirch.

Miss Grace Parle spent the day yesterday at Clyde, the guest of her cousin, Miss Bessie Graham.

TO AWAIT RESULTS

WITH CAMPAIGN OVER POLITICAL CANDIDATES REST.

EXPECT CLEAN SWEEP

Democrats of County Believe All Farty Racers Will Reach Coveted Goals Anticipates Normal Vote.

With the two weeks of active campaigning over, during which nearly every voter in Nodaway county has had his "paw" shaken and has secured a collection of perhaps two dozen imo-photographs of the various party candidates, the twenty-eight racers for the nine county offices today are anxiously awaiting the result of tomorrow's election. That a normal vote will be cast in virtually every precinct is the belief of the political leaders. If anything they believe that slightly larger than a normal vote will be cast on account of the excellent weather and of the close contest between several of the candidates, which has resulted in an unusually active campaign this fall.

There were 7,052 votes cast in Nodaway county for the five candidates for president in the fall election two years ago, but this was above normal. So that a rough estimate of between 5,000 and 6,000 votes is expected to be cast in the ballot boxes of the twenty-three precincts of this county tomorrow. Of this number it is believed fully 3,000 will be Democratic, and that the Progressives will poll a smaller vote than two years ago, which was 1,307. County Clerk Demott expects the Bull Moose returns to be about one-third what it was then. No accurate gauge, however, will be furnished in tomorrow's election, some believe, because of the usual "scratching" of county tickets.

A clean sweep in the nine county offices to be filled in this election is anticipated by the optimistic Democratic leaders of Nodaway. After a double tour over the confines of this county, they say the attitude of the voters everywhere is unusually friendly to the Wilsonites and that the candidates on that ticket have gotten into the good graces of the voters, not only on that ticket alone. Many Republicans and Progressives, it is believed, will "scratch" in favor of several of the Democratic candidates.

The Republicans, however, are putting up a cheerful front yet today, and the leaders boast that they will place several of their nine candidates in the coveted offices. Little is expected by the four other parties, however, although the Republicans admit that the Progressives will hurt their chances, just as that new organization did two years ago.

D. C. McClung of St. Louis, chairman of the Democratic state committee has issued the following forecast based on tabulated figures from a canvass throughout the state:

"During the last week of the campaign we have received polls and final precinct reports from every county in the state, as well as much information from other sources, respecting the probable vote. These reports indicate an overwhelming majority for Senator

(Continued on page 8.)

VOTE FOR—

FRED J. YEOMANS FOR COUNTY CLERK

EXPERIENCED, COURTEOUS AND WORTHY OF PROMOTION

The Democrat-Forum

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Entered as second class matter June 4, 1910, at the postoffice at Maryville, Mo., under the act of March 3, 1879.

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WALTER S. TODD....Superintendent

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Delivered in Maryville by carrier at 15 cents per week.

Largest Circulation in Nodaway County

Democratic Ticket.

U. S. Senator.....WM. J. STONE
Judge of the Supreme Court.....
.....JAMES T. BLAIR
Supt. of Public Schools.....
.....HOWARD A. GASS
For Congress.....C. F. BOOHER
Representative..ARTHUR S. ROBEY
Judge at Large....WM. BLACKFORD
Judge of South District.....
.....MATTHEW F. FARNAN
Judge of North District.....
.....JOHN CAMPBELL
Prosecuting Attorney.....
.....WM. G. SAWYERS
Recorder.....DAN R. BAKER
Circuit Clerk....HENRY WESTFALL
Probate Judge.....
.....JESSE F. ROBERTSON
County Clerk.....FRED J. YEOMANS

Let's have a big vote tomorrow.

Several of the amendments are worthy of your attention. Voters will not go wrong if they vote yes on Nos. 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10 and 13. One or two others are worth your attention and study.

Kansas City at last has a new union station. We congratulate both Kansas City and the traveling public.

The entrance of Turkey into the European embroglio probably means that Bulgaria, Greece, Roumania, and very likely Italy will be in next. The end of the greatest struggle the world has ever known is a long way off.

It was fortunate that most of our friends who wore "back to prosperity" badges Saturday could ride in automobiles. It was still more fortunate that most of these autos were bought during the last year, under a Democratic administration.

The exportation of foodstuffs to foreign markets for September just passed was more than double in value the exportations for the same month last year. Beef, refined sugar and other commodities increased tremendously. The prospects are for the greatest demands on American products the country has ever known. Eastern mills and factories are receiving big orders from South America and Europe; Germany and Austria have agreed to buy 75,000 bales of cotton monthly, and other European countries will follow suit. The new banking system will be put in operation November 16, when $580,000,000 of reserve funds will be liberated for loaning purposes, and already the scare over foreign countries flooding the United States with American securities held abroad is relieved because financial institutions of the east have been buying them in for investment. The tide is turning our way just as fast as our merchant marine can carry the goods over and a great flood of gold is coming our way. The man who is fooling away time whining "hard times" for political effect should forget it and get in the prosperity game.

SAYS RETURN HIM

CHAMP CLARK HEARTILY ENDORSES CONGRESSMAN BOOHER.

DON'T MAKE SWAP NOW

Speaker in House Advises Voters Regardless of Party Affiliations, to Keep Experienced Man.

"I have served in the house several years with Congressman Booher of the St. Joseph district. I regard him as an able man, as an able member. He is industrious, capable, faithful, courageous and patriotic.

Abraham Lincoln said that it was a very poor plan to swap horses in the middle of a stream, and the years of service which Mr. Booher has seen ought to make him even a better and more useful member in the next congress than he has been in this or any of the preceding ones.

The truth is that other things being equal, a congressman's services are valuable precisely in proportion to their length.

I hope he will be elected by an increased majority.

CHAMP CLARK.

During the course of a recent conversation with the speaker of the house of representatives, he dictated and handed to a representative of this paper the foregoing statement, as showing in part his high appreciation of the services rendered to the public and the rare devotion to official duty shown by Congressman Charles F. Booher since he has been a member of congress. No man knows better or appreciates more keenly the value and character of the men making up the membership of the house of representatives than does the speaker. He sees them in action day after day and month after month, under every stress of circumstance and condition.

Industry, capability, faithfulness and patriotic courage cover about everything needed to make a good congressman and, according to Mr. Clark's testimony, the representative from this district has all these qualities and more. Mr. Booher adheres to the old fashioned but correct notion that public office is a public trust and believes that a servant of the people should stay on the job. He therefore makes of himself as nearly a servant to his constituency as he knows how. He enjoys the reputation in Washington of putting in more hours in actual work than any other man in the house.

He has faithfully supported the administration and helped to redeem the pledges made to the American people. He has worked assiduously for those measures calculated to benefit the farmers and laboring men and the old soldiers have always found in him a dependable friend.

President Wilson has commended the faithful Democratic members to the country and has asked for their return that the great work so well begun may be continued and completed during his term. Knowing, as they do, the fearless honesty and worth of Charles F. Booher the people of the Fourth district will re-elect him by an increased majority.

OLD STUFF.

"Why," a card sent out by the local Republican organization asks, "a war tax in time of peace?"

Old stuff! Old stuff! The opposition party always used to try to hold the party in power responsible for earthquakes, droughts and such.

But on the square, now, doesn't that sort of thing make you tired in this more or less enlightened age?—Kansas City Times.

THE WEATHER

Fair tonight and Tuesday; continued mild temperature.

Dressing Combs

Here is a big value in Rope Back Celluloid Dressing Combs—This comb is often sold at 25 cents, we sell them at only each..... 13c

Several colors

Haines

MARYVILLE, MO.

THE STORE THAT HAS IT CHEAPER

ARE NEAR OSTEND

ALLIES EXPECT TO RECAPTURE BELGIUM PORT SOON.

TURKS AT SUEZ CANAL

Gunboats of Sultan Are Reported to Be Near Mediterranean Passage—Also in Black Sea.

London, Nov. 2.—The allies are daily creeping toward Ostend, which now is hardly occupied at all in a military sense by the Germans, according to a correspondent of the Times telegraphing from northern France under date of yesterday.

The number of Germans holding the Belgium port, he says, is so neglible that the allies will achieve definite victory in the fight for the river, and Ostend will fall unresistingly into their hands.

Turkish gunboats are reported at the entrance to the Gulf of Suez, near the northern entrance to the Suez canal. A number of the sultan's navy equipment remains in the Black sea and is preparing to continue the fight on the Russians, it is believed.

GIVES SUCCESSFUL AFFAIR

Teacher and Pupils Clear $50 For Benefit of School Fund.

At a box supper given Saturday night at the Mount Pleasant school north of Pickering, about $50 was cleared which will be applied to the school benefit fund. A short program was given by the pupils and the teacher, Miss Rachel Watson. The winners in a voting contest for the prettiest girl and the laziest man, Miss Anna Collins and Dr. J. R. Heryford won the honors. A box supper concluded the evening's fun.

WIFE DIES AT RIVERSIDE.

Mrs. G. A. Stephan of Iowa Succumbs Saturday Night.

H. T. Crane received word this morning of the death Saturday night at Riverside, Ia., of Mrs. George A. Stephan.

Mr. Stephan was in the employ of Mr. Crane in this city for a number of years. He was married after leaving Maryville. Mrs. Stephan was known to a number of people here by frequent visits made in the city. She leaves beside her husband, four sons, aged 12, 6 and 4 years, and an infant.

MAY CALL PRESBYTERIAN PASTOR

Atchison Party Visit Maryville Church Yesterday Morning.

Fourteen members of the congregation of the First Presbyterian church of Atchison, Kan., were in Maryville yesterday to visit the First Presbyterian church, coming to invite the pastor, the Rev. S. D. Harkness, to visit and hold services at the Atchison church, which is at present without a pastor. The party included S. W. Adams, Ira J. Beard, J. G. Schaffer, Charles C. Ham, J. A. Shoemaker, Ed Lukens, D. Lukens, Mrs. E. K. Blair, Mrs. H. H. Hackney, Miss Hackney, E. B. Blair, Frank Roth and E. W. Clausen. The visit was made by the Atchison people with a view to extending a call to the Rev. Mr. Harkness to the pastorate of that church.

COUNTY COURT MEETS.

Consider Petition for New Guilford Road and Transact Usual Business.

The county court met in regular monthly session at the court house this morning. Besides the usual routine of allowing bills and claims, the court will consider a petition for a new public road to extend north one mile from Guilford on the east side of the Great Western railroad tracks. The property owners who would be affected by the change are Joseph Skidmore, Hugh Skidmore and Jacob Thompson.

A remonstrance against the change is made by Joseph Skidmore, while the other two affected persons desire the road. The petition for the change was presented at the September session of the county court. By law it must await two months before action can be taken by the court.

The road now runs between the Great Western tracks and the Platte river, and in low ground. It occasionally is impassable on account of overflow from the river. If changed as contemplated, it is said, it would be on higher ground and always passable.

SELLS MAIN STREET BUILDING.

Store Occupied by Bee Hive Bought by Bankers.

The building at 308 North Main street owned by Clive C. Graves was sold this morning to George B. Baker and E. E. Williams at a purchase price of $13,000. The building is occupied by the Bee Hive Shoe company, and they will remain there. The deal was made through Holmes & Wolfert.

Read Democrat-Forum want ads.

'IS GREAT MOCKER'

METHODIST AUDIENCE IS TOLD EVILS OF ALCOHOL.

END TEMPERANCE FIGHT

Campaign for Upholding of "County Unit" Law Closes With Several Rallies Over County.

The campaign of ministers, the Anti-Saloon League and "dry" workers generally over Nodaway county for the upholding of the county unit law in tomorrow's election, formally closed last night with a number of temperance rallies and sermons over the county. That the voters of this county will, by a big majority, vote "dry" on state amendment No. 10 tomorrow there is no doubt, according to the "dry" workers. The fear is, however, that not all counties and cities have worked so hard for the law.

The temperance rallies yesterday afternoon and last night were well attended, the directors say. The ones held yesterday were at Mt. Ayr, White Cloud, Swan Chapel, Graham Baptist, Rockford, Centenary and Bedison. All of the local ministers reported good audiences where they spoke.

While each Protestant church in Maryville yesterday paid some attention to the temperance campaign, the greatest fight was made in the First Methodist church in yesterday morning's services. The Rev. R. L. Finch, pastor of the First Christian church, also devoted the services last night to temperance. He took as his topic, "Maryville's Sin," although he spoke in general, too, relative to the evils of alcoholic drinks.

Several of the Northwest Normal instructors and the Sunday school of the First Methodist church aided the Rev. Gilbert S. Cox, pastor, in the services. The choir consisted of about twenty high school girls, while Miss Leeta Wray and Miss Laska Wray sang a duet on temperance.

The Normal instructors who took part in the services, each by delivering a short talk on liquor and its effects, were Prof. Harry H. Miller, Prof. M. G. Neale and Prof. M. W. Wilson. H. C. Bower, superintendent of the Sunday school, made the opening address.

The closing address on temperance was delivered by Mr. Cox. He said in part:

"The Wise Man thus characterizes the use of intoxicating wine: "Wine is a mocker; at the last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." That which destroys all the best and highest in humanity and then mocks and jeers at its victims is none other than the ancient enemy, alcohol.

"It is a mocker physically. It pretends to be a food. The brewers spend thousands of dollars making it appear as such. The truth of the matter is that it is a poison, tearing down the appetite, the digestive organs, the whole system. Steam can be made out of sea water, but its corrosive effects destroy the machinery. In the same way alcohol is food, but its use ends in the ruin of the machinery.

"It pretends to keep the body warm and at the very moment the victim of this heresy feels the glow, his temperature is lowered and the danger of death by freezing is increased a hundred fold. It poses as a stimulant and gives promise of added strength of mind and body. In the end it mockingly takes away 40 per cent of the muscular energy and working efficiency of the laboring man, and decreases mental activity by 20 per cent when taken in only moderate quantities. At the same time the laborer is deceived into thinking he is doing more and better work this devil is gloating over his downfall and knows that another life is soon to be thrown on the scrap heap of human wreckage.

"It makes loud profession of its healing qualities when it is the cause directly and indirectly of 20 per cent of all diseases of all kinds, of 50 per cent of insanity, idiocy and pauperism, and 75 to 90 per cent of all criminality.

"It is a mocker economically.

"It tells the farmer that without its market the price of grain would be materially reduced. The brewer and distiller in fact only use .024 of the grain produced in this country. Only $14 of every $560 comes from the brewer. Out of this $14 there is produced $374 worth of alcohol. If the farmer would throw this twenty-four bushels of grain to every thousand in the river, and the money paid to the brewers were spent for bread, it would take one hundred and eighty-three bushels instead of the twenty-four to supply the demand, and all legitimate business would have the advantage of the saving.

"It claims to be a friend to the laboring men in that it gives a place of work to an army of 62,000 men, when if this capital were invested in any lawful industry the same money would employ 465,000 men in place of 62,000. As it is, it is robbing nearly a half million men of a place to work. What a mocker of labor.

"It eases the conscience of the city by its proposition to pay a large part of the expenses of the same. The fact is that, taking the saloon traffic as a whole, for every dollar paid as license it takes twenty dollars to take care of the poverty, crime and human devastation caused by it. According to Judge Wallace, the state of Missouri is in debt to the saloon every year, directly over three million dollars, and figuring indirect cost sixteen million dollars. We pour out this mighty stream of money for the great privilege of keeping this economic mocker in our midst.

"It pays its 230 millions to the government and takes over two billions out. For every dollar we pay for education we pay ten for strong drink. For -0- 0 -lib'Vv?-b,fivesk Wnfor W-m.n-o every dollar spent for the spread of the gospel at home we spend fifteen for alcohol, for every dollar for missions we pay one hundred and sixty to the saloon. Verily the mocker seems to have us in his power.

"It is a 'mocker' politically. It disenfranches tens of thousands of citizens every year. It digs the political graves of any who dare oppose its ravages, it defies the will of the people everywhere, disregards all law, human and divine, murders the outspoken, crucifies the representatives of the people and blasphemes God to gain its end.

"Morally it is the great 'mocker.'

"It sends eighty-four of every hundred children born to alcoholic parents to the grave, the asylum, or the penitentiary. Its devotees' mothers smother three thousand babies every year; it murders one thousand wives, causes five thousand suicides, kills nine thousand men, brings forty thousand broken hearted women into widowhood, ruins sixty thousand girls, places one hundred thousand idiots and insane in the asylum, murders one hundred thousand men by drink, sends two hundred thousand to homes for paupers, and produces a million recruits. This is our annual tribute to the 'great mocker' of American society.

"Add to this sum of one million six hundred and eighteen thousand drink-ruined, sin-crushed souls a half million brewers, saloon keepers, drunkard makers, and it will make a line from New York City to Omaha.

How long will God look with mercy upon a nation that is partner to such a traffic in souls? How long can this mocker lull our consciences into murdering our brothers and selling our Lord?"

Visited at Caywood.

Mrs. M. J. Willhoyte and son, Ernest, spent the day yesterday at Caywood, Mo., visiting Mrs. Willhoyte's brother, Newton Kennedy.

Visiting in St. Joseph.

Mrs. H. A. Byers went to St. Joseph Saturday to spend a few days visiting her daughter, Mrs. L. M. Conley.

OFF ROAD; 2 HURT

YOUNG MEN ARE INJURED WHEN CAR TURNS TURTLE.

ONE GOES TO HOSPITAL

Robert Graham and Larry Weaver Are Pinned Beneath Auto When a Bridge is Missed.

Robert Graham and Larry Weaver were injured, but not dangerously, when an automobile Weaver was driving, missed a bridge, north of the Ferguson school house, twelve miles north west of Maryville at 6 o'clock this morning, turned turtle and pinned both occupants beneath, at the bottom of the ravine. Graham, the most dangerously injured is now in the St. Francis hospital.

The two young men, both of whom lived here until about two months ago, were returning from Red Oak, Ia., having left there about five o'clock this morning, after spending Sunday there. Weaver was driving a one-seated automobile belonging to his father, J. B. Weaver. It is believed that Weaver went into a doze, from loss of sleep, while driving. As the car approached the wooden bridge over a twelve foot declivity on the Ferguson road between Wilcox and Burlington Junction, one of the front wheels hit an upright post at one side of the approach to the bridge. This threw the car and occupants to the side and down the depression or ditch. As it fell, the car turned over, pinning the young men beneath and in about eight inches of water.

Both lay there, Graham, semi-conscious, for about an hour, or until E. J. Bailey, county judge, of Elmo, drove along in his car, bound for this city to attend the monthly court session. He brought them into Maryville where their injuries were dressed by Dr. C. T. Bell and Graham was sent to the hospital.

The injuries of both consisted pricipally of bruises and lacerations about the body and limbs. Graham also may be internally injured.

Both men were formerly employed with Weaver's father in the manufacture of feather mattresses at No. 211 West Third street. They operated the plant here for about two months, then moved to Tarkio. From there they went to Shenandoah and later to Red Oak, Iowa. Graham's home is in St. Louis. The home of Weaver is Butler, Mo.

The accident which befell Weaver this morning, was the third he has had recently. One was in the overturning of the same car as turned over this monring, on East First street several months ago.

LEST YOU FORGET "Million Dollar Mystery"

EPISODE NUMBER SEVENTEEN

The EMPIRE THEATRE

5 AND 10 CENTS 5 AND 10 CENTS

ITALIAN ORCHESTRA will Play at the FERN THEATRE, TO-NIGHT

Sweedie will be shown. A Daughter of Eve and a Eagles Revenge. 5 and 10 Cents

Mr. Ellwood E. Heubner

Representing one of the largest Fur Houses in the country will be at our store next

Thursday November Fifth

WITH A VERY COMPLETE LINE OF

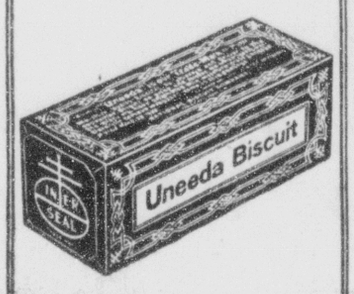
Furs and Fur Coats

Those wishing to purchase Fur Coats or something special in the fur line will find this to be their opportunity

D. R. Eversole and Son

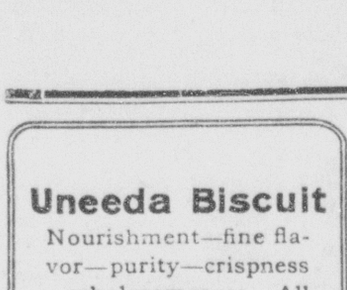
Uneeda Biscuit

Nourishment—fine flavor—purity—crispness—wholesomeness. All for 5 cents, in the moisture-proof package.



GRAHAM CRACKERS

A food for every day. Crisp, delicious and strengthening. Fresh baked and fresh delivered. 10 cents.



SNAPAROONS

A delightful new biscuit, with a rich and delicious cocoanut flavor. Crisp and always fresh. 10 cents.



Buy biscuit baked by

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

Always look for that Name

HALLOWE'EN A GHOST.

Little Damage is Reported Over City—Celebrate Other Ways.

But for a few over-turned carts, signs and fences broken and a few vehicles changed in location, it was difficult, in going from street to street in Maryville yesterday morning, to tell that Saturday night was Hallowe'en night. The night that in olden times, and even not so many years past by, called for all sorts of devilment and generally bad capers from the young.

However, the young men and women and all the youngsters from a few years up celebrated. They did it, however, in a more sane and peaceful way, just as they do now on the Fourth of July. Where their fathers, years ago, tore up fences, ran away with all sorts of conveyances and farm implements and upset small buildings, the young generation Saturday night observed the occasion with parties, frolics and socials.

The city took the precaution, however, Saturday night of providing a special officer for each of the four city wards in addition to the regular night policeman, W. A. Burris. No arrests were made and no mischievous pranks were noticed by the peace promoters.

FOR SALE—One large sideboard, good as new, $12. Call 2219 Farmers phone. 2-4

Read Democrat-Forum want ads.

Polk Township Taxes

For 1914
ARE NOW DUE

You will find the Collector at the

FISHER & McMURRAY GARAGE

Come Early and avoid the rush

F. S. Grundy, Col.

SOCIETY AND CLUBLAND

KATE SCHENCK

Phones—Office 42 Home 683

Dinner Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Kemp were the guests of a dinner party given Sunday noon by Mr. and Mrs. George Kemp.

Entertain Ravenwood Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Crater and children, living near Ravenwood, were dinner guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Davis of this city.

Engagement Announcement.

Mr. and Mrs. Felix S. Grundy announce the engagement of their daughter, Cleo Madge, to Ernest Morin of Paxton, Mont. The wedding date is set for the early part of December.

Ruth Donnell.

Mr. and Mrs. Forrest C. Donnell of St. Louis announce the birth of their daughter, whom they have named Ruth. Mr. Donnell is formerly of this city and his wife was Miss Hilda Hays of St. Louis.

Trullingers Entertain.

Mr. and Mrs. Orville Willhoyte, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Thompson and Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Shelton were the guests of a dinner given Sunday noon by Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Trullinger, living west of the city.

Dinner at Graham.

Mr. and Mrs. Arch K. Frank and daughter, Eva Margaret, were guests at a dinner given yesterday noon by Mr. and Mrs. James Kavanaugh of Graham.

To Celebrate Birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Green, Jr., gave a dinner yesterday at noon at which their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hogue and two children and Mrs. Frank Green of Pickering. Mrs. Green arranged the party to celebrate her husband's birthday anniversary.

Gives Dinner Party.

Miss Essie McDonald gave a dinner yesterday noon at which her guests were Misses Ora and Prudence Saunders, Miss Ethel Hasty, I. B. Williams, William Saunders and Wilfred White, and Albert Berlin.

Degen-Howden.

Announcement has been made of the marriage of W. H. Howden, Jr., of Skidmore and Miss Esther Degen of Kansas City, which took place on October 27, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Howden will be at home after November 15 at Skidmore.

Matinee Party.

Miss Blanche Shipps gave a matinee at the Fern theater Saturday, her guests being the members of the Hum Drum club. As a courtesy to the club J. B. Ells, manager of the Fern, showed a special reel for the matinee featuring Francis X. Bushman in "Hearts and Flowers."

Entertain Maryville Party.

Mr. and Mrs. John Morehouse, living near Hopkins, entertained a party of Maryville friends at a dinner yesterday noon. They were Mr. and Mrs. J. Edward Costello and family, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Sanders and daughter, Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Ryan and son, and Mrs. Mary Costello.

Mrs. Archer Hostess.

Mrs. J. C. Archer entertained the Women's Missionary society of the First Methodist church at an interesting meeting Friday afternoon. The program numbers were given by Mrs. I. W. Nixon, Mrs. George Null, Miss Ethel Embree and Miss Mary Q. Evans. During the social hour Mrs. Archer had the assistance of Mrs. Frank Buck and Mrs. W. L. Ruddle.

Farewell Dinner Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Omar Strong, near Pickering, gave a dinner yesterday noon, entertaining in honor of Mr. Strong's father, Charles Strong, who leaves this week for Los Angeles, Cal., to spend the winter. The guests were Mr. Strong, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Strong, Mr. and Mrs. Delmar Strong, Mr. and Mrs. John Neal and Hugh Strong of Maryville.

Harry Holmes Host.

Harry Holmes was the host of a Saturday evening Hallowe'en party given at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Holmes. Games and music furnished the diversion of the evening. The supper table was adorned with black cat and witch figures and Hallowe'en favors. The guests were Miss Gladys Morehouse, Miss Marie Davenport, Miss Gladys Harper, Emmett Bartram and Leland Leffler.

Walker-Glass.

Miss Bertha L. Walker of this city, and Severin S. Glass, of Chicago, were married Saturday afternoon at St. Joseph. The marriage service was read by the Rev. H. C. Maloney at Christ Episcopal church, in the presence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Susan Walker and Mrs. M. G. Tate of this city. Mr. Glass is a member of the Associated Press newspaper service in Chicago and he and his bride left Saturday evening for that city where they will be at home.

Picnic Dinner.

A picnic party which enjoyed a dinner at the Bell Grove south of the city yesterday noon was composed of Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Eversole and their guests, Mrs. M. W. Moore and small grandson, Burnett Moore of Kansas City, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Eversole and sons, Ralph Wilson and Robert, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Snyder and daughter, Lucile, and Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Pickens.

Jolly Affair.

A jolly Hallowe'en party was given Friday evening in the parlors of the First Baptist church when the members of the Amoma class were hostesses to the members of the Men's Bible class and their wives. All manner of games significant of the night were played and a typical autumn supper served. About seventy five were present.

Moonlight Picnic.

A campfire supper and weiner roast was indulged in Saturday evening by a party of friends. The supper was given at the Whippoorwill club grounds, and the company was composed of Miss Mabel Cook, Misses Irene and Genie Aley, Miss Dollie McDonald, Miss Laura Lazenby, Misses Ethel and Ruth Hasty, Miss Essie McDonald, Miss Alene Tarpley, Miss Prudence Saunders, Fred Trewitt, I. B. Williams, Ursel Crockett, Harold Selecman, Henry Hasty, Merle Selecman, Roy Fanning, Ralph and Henderson Aley and Carl Tarpley and Albert Berlin.

Jensens Entertain.

One of the most delightful parties of Hallowe'en night was given Saturday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Jensen at their home, three miles north of Wilcox. The entrance to the house was made up a ladder through an upstairs window and halls dimly lighted with jack-o-lanterns, until the guests reached the parlors, which were brilliant with decorations suggestive of the night. Hallowe'en superstitions were tested and games played. A musical program was given by Miss Bertha Graves and Miss Helen Hollis. At midnight a delicious supper was served. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Fred Nicholas, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Ferguson, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Mitchell, Miss Bertha Graves, Miss Helen Hollis, Miss Verna Key, Misses Hazel and Maud McComb, Miss Viva Lockhart, Miss Mabel Patterson, Misses May and Pearl McGinness, Miss May Mitchell, Miss Lora McDowell, Miss Mildred Thompson, Harold Thompson, Burl Mitchell, Gustavus Shell, David Zeornes, Robert and George Patterson, Floyd Logan, Lorenus Jensen, Orville Griffey, Earl Taylor, Luther Jensen, John Wesley Thompson, Don Thompson and Don Hall.

Hallowe'en Dance.

Messrs. William, Harry and Carl Dempsey entertained a large party of friends with an informal evening party and dance Friday night at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Dempsey, south of Maryville. The home was attractively decorated with Hallowe'en emblems and autumn leaves. Music was furnished during the evening by Russell Peters and Arthur Walkup of Skidmore. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Ray McDowell, Mr. and Mrs. Neal Craig, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dempsey, Mr. and Mrs. Clem Daugherty, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Strauch, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Masters, Mr. and Mrs. George Chappel, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Masters, Mr. and Mrs. D. R. Palmer, Mr. and Mrs. James McGinniss, Mrs. M. E. Johnston, Misses Elizabeth Wilmes, Elizabeth Strauch, Ella O'Grady, Helen Powell, Marie Sherlock, Rosie Wilmer, Verna Coler, Donna Peters, Lucy Sturm, Neva Reaksecker, Veronica O'Grady, Margaret O'Grady, Effie Dawson, Helen Davis, Bertha Fanning, Helen Dempsey and Mildred Palmer, Warren Reaksecker, Roy Strauch, Ray Taylor, Francis Sherlock, William Strauch, Roy Fanning, Robert Powell, Clyde Auten, Cleo Renshaw, Forrest Masters, Byron Masters, Carroll Hogan, Earl Dempsey, Ernest Coler, William O'Grady, Carl Dempsey, Harry Dempsey, Theodore Palmer, Earl Sturm, Irwin Daugherty, Charles Kime, Howard Masters, Ralph Palmer and Will Dempsey.

Mr. and Mrs. Jones Entertain.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Jones were the hosts of a dinner party Sunday noon at which their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Wamsley and their guest, Mrs. Melvin Sniveley of Sheridan, Wyo.

Kitchen Shower.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Espey, newly weds, were the honorees of a kitchen shower given them Saturday night at their home, south of the city, by the members of the Merry Minglers club and a few other friends. Those present were Misses Florence and May Shipps, Miss Jessie Lyon, Misses Helen and Mildred Wamsley, Ray Shipps, Earl and Ivan Espey, Harold and Fay Corrough, George Wamsley, Clayton Woodward, Frank and Fred Gray.

Masquerade Party.

Miss Alta Doyle, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Doyle entertained a number of her friends with a masquerade party Saturday evening. The decorations were autumn and Hallowe'en favors. The hostess was assisted by her mother and Mrs. Guy Aley. The guests were Miss Anna Marjorie Halasey, Misses Maud and Martha Helpley, Miss Lavisa Swinford, Miss Leola Frede, Miss Marie Landfather, Miss Lois Wiley, Miss Edith Wiley, Miss Leeta Wray, Miss Alberta Howard, Miss Sadie Aley, Howard Snodgrass, Berney Harris, Jr., Ralph Aley, James Halasey, Myron Baker, Melvin Neal and Mr. and Mrs. Guy Aley.

Dinner at Crystal Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Martin entertained with a dinner party at "Crystal Lake," their country home, east of the city, yesterday noon, when their guests were Miss Hazel Martin, Miss Cleo Grundy and H. H. Martin.

Alderman-Yehle Dry Goods Co.
WEST THIRD STREET, MARYVILLE, MO.

Wooltex Suits For Women

At The Exceptional Price Of

$25.00



We have assembled a marvelous collection of New Fall and Winter Suits for women that we are placing on sale THIS WEEK. Every $30.00 and $35.00 suit in the house is included in this sale

In this assortment are all the leading shades, such as Russian Green, Tete-de Negra, Navy, Copenhagen and Black.

Every suit is made with perfect good taste and expresses refinement and thoroughly good style.

It is exceptional that such a collection should be offered at only



Twenty-Five Dollars

Make your selection early while the assorment, of sizes, is complete.

Special Lot of Ladies' Suits

We have a lot of fifteen suits, that were carried over that we are offering at special prices this week in order to close them out. Most of these suits are hard to distinguish from this year's styles.

The assortment comprises, Blue, Gray, Brown, Black, Tan and Mixtures. A full assortment of sizes.

These are mostly $20.00 and $25.00 values and we are offering them at prices less than cost of material. During this week only.

$7.50

Poultry Special

Tuesday and Wednesday, November 3rd and 4th, I will pay the following prices CASH.

Hens per pound	09c
Springs per pound	09c
Old Roosters per pound	5c
Ducks	09c
Hides per pound	10c
Butter Fat Cream	27c
Good Eggs	21c

Feedy full crop poultry 1c less than quotation. Your patronage is solicited regardless as to the amount, and I assure you the size cuts no difference in our appreciation.

B. A. FROST
Old Creamery Building
Maryville, Mo.

AFFIRM DAMAGE JUDGMENT.

Appellate Court Accepts $150 Decree Against Burlington Brought by R. J. Bilby.

Notice of the affirmation by the Kansas City court of appeals of the judgment of the circuit court of this county in the February term of 1913, in a stock damage suit of R. J. Bilby of Quitman against the Burlington railroad was received here today by George Pat Wright, who, with M. E. Ford, was counsel for Bilby. Bilby sued the railroad company because a load of hogs he had shipped from the south to Quitman suffered for lack of improper watering facilities at the Quitman stock yards.

The Burlington appealed from the circuit court to the appellate court, when judgment against them was rendered.

MORE GOOD REASONS

Why Chas. Hyslop should be elected Representative.

5. "He is Big and Broad enough, to represent the best interests of County and State regardless of Party.

6. The People still remember that in the campaign of 1888 his was the only name on the Republican ticket that stood against the Democratic land slide, THERE WAS A REASON. As Public Administrator and Guardian he handled more than $145,000, nearly one-half of which accummulated under his management, settling more than 150 estates. (More business in fact, than any three of his predecessors or successors have handled,) all satisfactory to Court, Estate and Bondsmen.

7. "To the end that he may make good, as he always has, he needs your vote, remember this is the most important office to be voted for in November.

—Adv.

CONSTITUTIONAL BALLOT.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF MISSOURI, AND REFERENDUM PROPOSITIONS ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

FIRST CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Amending the Initiative and Referendum Law to restrict the submission of so-called "Single Tax" measures and making certain other provisions affecting the use of said law.

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof, concerning the initiative and referendum; repealing section 57 of article 4 of the Constitution and enacting a new section in lieu thereof.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

That at the general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1914, there shall be submitted for adoption to the qualified voters of the state the following amendment to the Constitution.

Section 1. That section 57 of article 4 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri is hereby repealed.

Sec. 2. That in lieu of the said section 57 of article 4 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri hereby repealed there shall be enacted the following new section to be known as section 57 of article 4, viz:

Sec. 57. The legislative authority of the state shall be vested in a legislative assembly consisting of a senate and house of representatives, but the people reserve to themselves power to propose laws and amendments to the Constitution and to enact or reject the same at the polls, independent of the legislative assembly, and also reserve power at their own option to approve or reject at the polls any act of the legislative assembly. The first power reserved by the people is the initiative, and not more than eight per cent of the legal voters in each of at least two-thirds of the congressional districts in the state shall be required to propose any measure by such petition, and every such petition shall include the full text of the measure so proposed. Initiative petitions shall be filed with the respective county clerks of the respective counties in which the signers thereof reside and vote not less than four months before the election at which they are to be voted upon. Within 30 days after said petitions are filed with the respective county clerks of the respective counties said initiative petitions shall be, by said respective county clerks laid before the county courts of the respective counties, and said petitions shall be examined by the respective county courts of the respective counties, and if the signatures thereto are found to be genuine signatures of voters of such counties, they shall, at least three months before the election at which they are to be voted upon, be certified by the respective county courts of the respective counties to the secretary of state. The second power is the referendum and it may be ordered (except as to matters of taxation, hereinafter mentioned, and as to laws necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety, and laws making appropriations for the current expenses of the state government for the maintenance of the state institutions and for the support of the public schools) either by petitions signed by five per cent of the legal voters in each of at least two-thirds of the congressional districts in the state, or by the legislative assembly as other bills are enacted. Referendum petitions shall be filed with the county clerks of the respective counties in which the signers thereof reside and vote not more than 90 days after the final adjournment of the session of the legislative assembly which passed the bill on which the referendum is demanded, and within 30 days thereafter the clerks of the county courts of the respective counties shall lay said petitions before the county courts of the respective counties—and within said time the county courts of the respective counties shall examine and review said referendum petitions, and, if the signatures thereto are found to be the genuine signatures of voters of such counties, the respective county courts shall certify said petitions to the secretary of state within 120 days after the final adjournment of the session of the legislative assembly which passed the bill on which referendum is demanded. The veto power of the governor shall not extend to measures referred to the people. All elections on measures referred to the people of the state shall be had at the biennial regular general elections except when the legislative assembly shall order a special election. Any measure referred to the people shall take effect and become the law when it is approved by a majority of the votes cast thereon, and not otherwise. The style of all bills shall be: "Be it enacted by the people of the state of Missouri." This section shall not be construed to deprive any member of the legislative assembly of the right to introduce any measure. The whole number of votes cast for justice of the supreme court at the regular election last preceding the filing of any petition for the initiative, or for the referendum, shall be the basis on which the number of legal voters necessary to sign said petitions shall be counted. Petitions and orders for the initiative and for the referendum shall be certified to and filed with the secretary of state as aforesaid, and in submitting the same to the people

shall cease and determine and its rights, as owner, of said utility or plant, shall cease and determine; and thereafter said utility or plant shall be operated by the party named in said order of the court, or his successors or assigns, in conformity with and subject to the provisions of the ordinance authorizing the acquisition or purchase or construction of said public utility or plant and the issuance of bonds therefor; but Kansas City shall not issue any such bonds without the assent of two-thirds of the voters thereof voting on that proposition at an election to be held for that purpose; and such proposition may be submitted at a special election or at a general election, in either of which events if two-thirds of all the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of the issue of said bonds, the city shall have authority to issue the same; and Kansas City may also issue its bonds other than public utilities bonds, for the payment, in whole or in part, for such public utilities, and such bonds other than public utility bonds shall constitute a direct obligation of the city, but the total amount of such bonds other than public utility bonds shall not exceed in the aggregate five per centum on the taxable property therein, as hereinbefore provided. Such utility may be acquired by condemnation proceedings in the same manner that Kansas City may acquire real estate for public purposes, or in such other manner as may be provided by law. But whenever any public utility is being operated by any person, firm or corporation under a grant or permit from Kansas City, and the owner and operator of such utility is complying with the provisions of the grant under which the same is being operated, and with the laws and ordinances to which such utility and its owner are subject, and with all reasonable orders of any public officer, committee, commission or other authority having the power to make such orders the city shall not have power to acquire such utility except as provided in such grant, or by agreement with the owner thereof. But the judgment of any court of competent jurisdiction that such owner or operator of such utility is not complying with such obligations, duties or orders shall authorize the acquisition by Kansas City of such utility.

YES

NO

THIRD CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Providing for levying and collecting a state tax of ten cents on each one hundred dollars assessed valuation for the construction and maintenance of public roads in the several counties of the state.

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof, concerning taxation.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein:

That at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, 1914, the following amendment to the Constitution of Missouri, concerning taxation, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said state, to-wit:

Section 1. That article X of the Constitution of Missouri be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto one new section, to be known as section twenty-seven (27), which is in words and figures as follows:

Section 27. A state tax of ten cents on the one hundred dollars' assessed valuation shall be levied and collected on all objects and subjects of taxation in the same manner that the state and county taxes are collected. All moneys derived from said levy shall be set apart as a special fund to be appropriated and used for the construction and maintenance of public roads in the several counties of the state in such manner as may be provided by law.

YES

NO

FOURTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Changing the compensation of members of the General Assembly from per diem during session to annual salary of $1,000.00.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring therein, as follows:

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section 1. That section 16, of article 4, of the state Constitution be and the same is hereby amended by striking out the following words: "The members of general assembly shall severally receive from the public treasury such compensation for their services as may from time to time be provided by law, not to exceed five dollars per day for the first seventy days of each session and after that not to exceed one dollar per day for the remainder of the session, except the first session held under this Constitution and during revising sessions when they may receive five dollars per day for one hundred and twenty days and one dollar a day for the remainder of such session. In addition to per diem" and by inserting and adopting in place of said words so stricken out the following words: "The members of the general assembly shall severally receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars. In addition to said salary," so that said section 16, of article 4, of said Constitution when so amended shall be and read as follows:

Section 16. The members of the general assembly shall severally receive for their services an annual salary of one thousand dollars and in addition to said salary, the members shall be entitled to receive traveling expenses or mileage for any regular and extra session not greater than now provided by law; but no member shall be entitled to traveling expenses or mileage for any extra session

YES

NO

SEVENTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Giving the General Assembly optional power to make provisions for the granting and payment of pensions or allowances to the deserving blind.

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof, concerning the granting and payment of pensions or allowances to the deserving blind.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein, as follows:

That at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1914, the following amendment to the Constitution of Missouri, concerning the granting and payment of pensions or allowances to the deserving blind, shall be submitted to the qualified voters of said state, to-wit:

Section 1. That section 47 of article 4 of the Constitution of Missouri be amended by adding thereto the following words: *"And provided, further,* that nothing in this or the preceding section shall be construed as prohibiting the general assembly from making provision by law for the granting and payment of pensions or allowances to the deserving blind [illegible] from authorizing by law any co[illegible] cities or incorporated towns or vil[illegible] of this state to provide for the gra[illegible] and payment of such pensions or allow.

YES

NO

EIGHT CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Authorizing certain large cities to amend their charters by less difficult methods than are now provided.

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to section 16, article IX of the Constitution thereof, concerning large cities framing their own charters.

Section 1. Large cities may frame their own charters—how adopted and amended.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring therein:

That at the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1914, the following amendment to section 16 of article IX of the Constitution of the state of Missouri shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the city, to-wit:

Section 1. That section 16 of article IX of the Constitution of the state of Missouri be amended by striking out the last sentence thereof, which now reads as follows: "Such charter, so adopted, may be amended by a proposal therefor, made by the lawmaking authorities of such city, published for at least thirty days in three newspapers of largest circulation in such city, one of which shall be a newspaper printed in the German language, and accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city, voting at a general or special election, and not otherwise; but such charter shall always be in harmony with and subject to the Constitution and laws of the state," and inserting in lieu thereof the following words: "Such charter, so adopted, may be amended by a proposal therefor made by the lawmaking authorities of such city, published for at least three weeks in two newspapers printed therein, which have a *bona fide* sale or circulation in said city of at least two thousand copies of each issue in which said notice is published, one of which shall be a daily newspaper printed in the German language, and which has been published continuously for fifty-two weeks next before such publication, such publication to be made at least once each week and on the same day of the week in each of said three weeks, and the last publication to be within two weeks of the date of such election. Such amendment must be accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city voting on such proposition at a general or special election, and not otherwise; and if three-fifths of all the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment to the charter, such amendment shall be adopted; such charter and all amendments thereof shall always be in harmony with and subject to the Constitution and laws of the state. So that said section, when amended, shall read as follows and to be known as section 16:

Section 16. Large cities may frame their own charters, how adopted and amended—Any city having a population of more than one hundred thousand inhabitants may frame a charter for its own government, consistent with and subject to the Constitution and laws of this state, by causing a board of thirteen freeholders, who shall have been for at least five years qualified voters thereof, to be elected by the qualified voters of such city at any general or special election; which board shall, within ninety days after such election, return to the chief magistrate of such city a draft of such charter, signed by the members of such board or a majority of them. Within thirty days thereafter, such proposed charter shall be submitted to the qualified voters of such city, at a general or special election, and if four-sevenths of such qualified voters voting thereat shall ratify the same, it shall, at the end of thirty days therafter, become a charter of such city, and supersede any existing charter and amendments thereof. A duplicate certificate shall be made, setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification, which shall be signed by the chief magistrate of such city and authenticated by its corporate seal. One of such certificates shall be deposited in [illegible]

YES

NO

of the state of Missouri, by the attorney-general, or under his direction in any court of competent jurisdiction in any county in said state into or through which such railroad or railway may run or be operated, or by the prosecuting attorney of any county in said state through, or into, or out of which such railroad or railway may run or be operated, or by the circuit attorney in the city of St. Louis; provided, the penalty prescribed in this section shall not apply during strikes of men in train service on the lines involved.

Approved April 16, 1913.

TENTH PROPOSITION.

REFERENDUM ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

House bill No. 19, enacted by Forty-seventh General Assembly. Amending the local option laws so as to make the counties the sole units to determine whether or not intoxicating liquors shall be sold, furnished or given away within their limits; taking away from municipalities of 2,500 population or more the right to vote separately from their respective counties; providing additional qualifications for judges at local option elections and providing that dramshop licenses shall not be granted by the several county courts after filing of a petition for local option election.

HOUSE BILL NO. 19.

An act to amend sections 7238, 7240, 7241, 7242, 7243 and 7244 of article III, of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909, entitled "Local option," and to repeal section 7239 of said article, with an emergency clause.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section 1. That section 7238, of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "who shall reside outside the corporate limits of any city or town having at the time of such petition, a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more" in the second, third and fourth lines of said section and by adding in the ninth line of said section between the word "sold" and the word "within" the words "furnished or given away;" and by striking out the words "lying outside of such corporate limits of such city or town" in the tenth and eleventh lines of said section; and by striking out the words "who is a resident of any incorporated town having a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more, or" in the seventeenth, eighteenth and nineteenth lines of said section and by adding to said section the words, "provided, further, that one-half of the judges in each precinct shall be for the sale of intoxicating liquors, and one-half of said judges against the sale of intoxicating liquors," so as amended said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 7238. Upon application by petition signed by one-tenth of the qualified voters of any county, who are qualified to vote for members of the legislature in any county of this state, the county court of such county shall order an election to be held in such county at the usual voting precincts for holding any general election for state officers, to take place within forty days after the receipt of such petition, to determine whether or not spirituous or intoxicating liquors, including wine and beer, shall be sold, furnished or given away within the limits of such county. Such election shall be conducted, the returns thereof made and the results thereof ascertained and determined, in accordance in all respects with the laws of this state governing general elections for county officers, and the result thereof shall be entered upon the records of such county court and the expenses of such election shall be paid out of the county treasury as in the case of elections for county officers; provided, that at an election ordered under the provisions of this section, no one shall be entitled to vote who is not a qualified voter of such county, provided, that no such election, held under the provisions of this article shall take place on any general election day, or within sixty days of any general election held under the Constitution and laws of this state, so that elections as are held under this article shall be special elections, and shall be separate and distinct from any other election whatever; provided, further, that the county court shall determine the sufficiency of the petition presented by the poll books of the last previous general election; provided, further, that one-half of the judges in each precinct shall be for the sale of intoxicating liquors and one-half of said judges against the sale of intoxicating liquors.

Sec. 2. That section 7239 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. That section 7240 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "or municipal body" in line five of said section so that said section shall read:

Sec. 7240. Notice of such election shall be given by publication in some newspaper published in the county, and such

YES

NO

ELEVENTH PROPOSITION.

REFERENDUM ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

House bill No. 7, enacted by Forty-seventh General Assembly. Abolishing the present office of excise commissioner as appointed by the governor in cities having a population of three hundred thousand inhabitants or more and providing for appointment by the mayor of such cities, in lieu of such excise commissioner, of a bi-partisan board of excise commissioners, and prescribing the number, qualifications, duties and salaries of the members thereof; and providing that all fees and taxes received from dramshop licenses in such cities shall be paid over to the treasurers of such cities.

HOUSE BILL NO. 7.

An act to repeal sections 7230 and 7237 of article two, of chapter sixty-three of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1909, entitled "Excise commissioner," and to enact new sections in lieu thereof.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section 1. Sections 7230 and 7237 of article 2 of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1909, are hereby repealed and the following new sections in lieu thereof are hereby enacted to be designated sections 7230 and 7237.

Sec. 7230. In all cities in this state which now have or may hereafter have a population of three hundred thousand inhabitants or more, there is hereby created a board of excise commissioners to consist of two members, who shall have exclusive authority to grant dramshop licenses. One of the commissioners so appointed shall be a member of the leading political party opposed to that to which the mayor belongs. Every excise commissioner, before entering upon the duties of his office, shall take and subscribe an oath or affirmation that he possesses the qualifications for such office prescribed by law, that he will support the Constitution of the United States and of the state of Missouri; that he will demean himself faithfully in office, and shall execute and deliver to the city wherein he is appointed, a penal bond, with sureties approved by the mayor, in the sum of ten thousand dollars ($10,000.00), conditional that he will faithfully perform all the duties of his office, and account for, pay and deliver to the proper parties all money and property coming to his hands by virtue of his office, which bond and oath he shall file with the city register or clerk. Each excise commissioner must have been a bona fide citizen and resident of the city wherein appointed for at least two years next previous to his appointment, and must so continue during the time of holding such office; he shall be appointed by the mayor of such city for a term expiring with the then official term of the mayor appointing him, and until his successor shall be duly appointed and qualified; he shall devote his entire time during business hours to the duties of his office; he may be removed from office by the mayor or governor at pleasure, and by the council for cause, and by the courts as provided by law, and not otherwise; provided, however, that in the event it becomes necessary for the governor to remove as many as three commissioners, then the governor shall, and is hereby vested with the power to fill vacancies created by such removals. Each commissioner shall receive a salary of five thousand dollars ($5,000.00) per annum, payable monthly by such city in such manner as such city pays the salaries of its other officials; and the expenses of their office shall be paid by such city in such manner as expenses of other offices in such city are paid. The excise commissioners, including those now in office, shall deliver to their successors, on demand, all property pertaining to the office.

Sec. 7237. The person to whom a dramshop license shall be issued shall pay the excise commissioners a fee of three dollars for each state license and a fee of three dollars for each city license, for granting and issuing the same, and said excise commissioners shall charge, collect and receive a further sum of three dollars for taking acknowledgments of each petition filed, acknowledgment to bond, filing petition and bond, administering oaths, and all other acts of said commissioners of like character necessary to perfecting the petitions and papers before the license is issued, and the said excise commissioners shall perform all these services and acts, and for that purpose the said excise commissioners are hereby granted and given the power to administer oaths, to take acknowledgments to all papers and instruments filed in their office and to possess the same powers for that purpose as are now given by the statute law of the state of Missouri to justices of the peace. All fees and charges so collected shall be paid over to the treasurer of the city wherein they are appointed, to be placed to the credit of the general revenue fund of such city. Said excise commissioners shall take a receipt therefor from the treasurer; the original they shall file with the city auditor, and the duplicate thereof they shall file in their own office as a part of the record thereof. The said excise commissioners shall make said payments to the city treasurer on the first Monday of each and every month, and shall at the time of making said payments to the treasurer file with the city auditor a full, complete and sworn statement of all of the fees collected by them as herein directed, during the preceding month and since their last statement, and also stating the total number of state and city licenses issued and granted, the name of the person to whom issued, date when issued, date of expiration and amount of ad valorem tax paid on each.

YES

NO

corporations, laws applicable to cities having three hundred thousand inhabitants, or over, is hereby repealed and the following new section enacted, to read as follows:

Section 9804. The mayor of each of said cities shall appoint two commissioners provided for in the preceding section. Said mayor shall issue commissions to the persons so appointed, designating the time for which they are appointed in case the appointment is to fill an unexpired term occasioned by death, resignation, or other cause, and whenever the term of office of any commissioner expires, the appointment of his successor shall be for the term prescribed in the preceding section.

Sec. 3. Section 9808 of chapter 84 of article 20 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1909, relating to municipal corporations, laws applicable to cities having three hundred thousand inhabitants, or over, is hereby repealed and a new section is enacted in lieu thereof to be known as section 9808, which said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 9808. Salaries of officers and policemen.—The municipal assembly or common council of the said cities is hereby authorized and empowered to fix the salaries of the officers and policemen of said cities. It shall be the duty of the municipal assembly or common council of the said cities to make the necessary appropriations for the expense of maintenance of said police force in the manner provided by the laws of the state of Missouri.

THIRTEENTH PROPOSITION.

Proposed by Initiative Petition.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Providing that females shall have the same right to vote at all elections held within this state as males.

An act to amend article VIII of the Constitution of the state of Missouri by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 2a, extending the right of suffrage to women.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Missouri:

Section 1. That article VIII of the Constitution of the state of Missouri be and the same hereby is amended by adding thereto a new section to be known as section 2a, and reading as follows:

Section 2a. Females shall hereafter have the same right, under the same conditions, to vote at all elections held in this state, as males now have or may hereafter have.

YES

NO

FOURTEENTH PROPOSITION.

Proposed by Initiative Petition.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

A proposition to authorize the state of Missouri to issue fifty million ($50,000,000) dollars in interest bearing bonds and sell same and use the proceeds thereof for building and maintaining the public highways of this state, and to authorize a tax levy sufficient to pay the principal and interest on said bonds.

Proposed constitutional amendment, authorizing issuance of bonds by the state of Missouri in the sum of fifty millions of dollars ($50,000,000) for good roads purposes, amending section 44 of article IV of the Constitution of the state of Missouri, by adding thereto a new paragraph and clause at the end thereof, empowering the general assembly to issue interest-bearing bonds for the purpose of building and maintaining highways.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Missouri:

That section 44 of article IV of the Constitution of the state of Missouri is hereby amended by adding a new clause and paragraph at the end of said section, as follows:

"Fourth. The general assembly shall have full power to authorize the issuance of interest-bearing bonds of the state in the sum of fifty millions of dollars ($50,000,000.00) for the purpose of constructing and maintaining public roads and highways;" so that said section, when amended, shall read as follows:

Section 44. The general assembly shall have no power to contract or to authorize the contracting of any debt or liability on behalf of the state; or to issue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness thereof, except in the following cases:

First. In the renewal of existing bonds, when they cannot be paid at maturity, out of the sinking fund or other resources.

Second. On the occurring of an unforeseen emergency, or casual deficiency of the revenue, when the temporary liability incurred, upon the recommendation of the governor first had, shall not exceed the sum of two-hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any one year, to be paid in not more than two years from and after its creation.

Third. On the occurring of any unforeseen emergency, or casual deficiency of the revenue, when the temporary liability incurred or to be incurred shall exceed the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any one year, the general assembly may submit an act providing for the loan, or for the contracting of the liability, and containing a provision for levying a tax sufficient to pay the interest and principal when they become due (the latter in not more than thirteen years from the date of its creation), to the qualified voters of the state, and when the act so submitted shall have been

YES

NO

STATE OF MISSOURI, } ss.
COUNTY OF NODOWAY }

I, George W. Demott, Clerk of the County Court within and for the County of Nodaway, State of Missouri, hereby certify that the above and foregoing form of Con

(Seal.) In Testimony Whereof, witness our hand and the Seal of County Court. Done at office in the City of Maryville, this 17th day of October, 1914.

and in submitting the same to the people the secretary of state and all other officers shall be guided by the general laws and the act submitting this amendment until legislation shall be especially provided therefor. Whenever the word "county" is used herein it shall be construed to include or mean the city of St. Louis, and whenever the words "county court" are used herein they shall be construed to include or mean the board of election commissioners of said city, and whenever the words "county clerk" or "clerk of the county court" are used herein they shall be construed to include or mean the secretary of said board of election commissioners. The powers reserved or contained in this section as aforesaid shall not be used to pass a law or constitutional amendment authorizing any classification of property for the purpose of levying different rates of taxation thereon, or of authorizing the levy of any single tax on land or land values or land sites at a higher rate or by a different rule than is, or may be, applied to improvements thereon, or to personal property, or to authorize or confer local option or other local powers in matters of taxation in or upon any of the counties, municipalities, or political subdivisions of the state, or to repeal, amend or modify these provisions relating to taxation. When any measure shall have been submitted to the people for their approval under the powers reserved or contained in this section as aforesaid and shall be rejected by the people, neither the same measure nor any other measure which shall have, or tend to have, the same meaning, nor any other measure which shall have, or tend to have, the same or similar effect as the measure rejected, shall again be submitted under the said powers reserved or contained in this section for a term of five years.

YES

NO

SECOND CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Providing for an increase of the limit of indebtedness that Kansas City may incur for the purpose of acquiring or purchasing public utilities.

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of Missouri an amendment to section 12 of article X of the Constitution thereof, authorizing the increase of indebtedness in Kansas City for the purpose of acquiring or purchasing public utilities.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Represenatives concurring therein, as follows:

At the general election to be held on the Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1914, the following amendment to section 12 of article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state, to-wit:

Section 1. Municipal indebtedness—limit of—how increased—exceptions as to St. Louis and Kansas City.—Section 12 of article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri shall be amended by inserting after the following words: "*Provided, further*, that in the city of Kansas City, the amount of bonds issued by said city, bearing date July [1], 7, 1895, for acquiring waterworks and all bonds hereafter issued in renewal of said bonds, or any portion thereof, shall not be included in the computation of the existing bonded indebtedness of said city in determining the amount of bonds authorized to be issued by said city, with the assent of two-thirds of the voters under the provisions of this article, but said city shall be authorized at any time to issue bonds with the assent aforesaid, to an amount, including outstanding indebtedness, other than that above named, to the amount of five per centum of the value of the taxable property in said city, to be ascertained as above specified" the following words: "*Provided, further*, that Kansas City may acquire by purchase, condemnation or construction, waterworks, gas works, electric light works, street railways, telegraph and telephone systems, heating plants or any other plant or public service institution within or outside of the limits of said city, for use of the citizens in said city, and for the purpose of paying therefor, in whole or in part, may issue public utilities bonds, which public utilities bonds shall not be included in the liabilities or indebtedness of the city limited by the prior provisions of this section; but the total amount of such public utilities bonds to be issued by Kansas City shall not exceed twenty per centum of the value of the taxable property in said city to be ascertained as above specified; the principal of said public utilities bonds shall not constitute an obligation of the city enforcible out of the funds raised by taxation, but the principal of each issue of such bonds shall be payable out of the earnings or sale of the utility or plant for the acquisition or purchase of which such issue was made. The interest on such bonds and a sinking fund for the payment of the principal at maturity shall be paid out of the earnings or sale of the utility, or out of funds raised by taxation, or both, as shall be provided in the ordinance authorizing the issuance of such bonds. Such city shall have power to execute its mortgage or mortgages on any such utility, or any addition thereto, or extension thereof, to secure the payment of such public utilities bonds, and in case of default in the payment of such public utilities bonds, or interest thereon, said bond holder or their representatives, may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction sitting in Jackson county, Missouri, and said court may, if said default continue, appoint a receiver to take charge of such property and such receiver shall operate said property pending such proceeding in such court and until a final decree of foreclosure in such proceeding and for a period of one year thereafter, during which period the city may, upon payment to the bond holders of all indebtedness past due and court costs accrued to the date of payment, retake said property. If said property is not thus retaken by the city within said period of redemption, said receiver shall deliver said property to such party as the court in such action may order, and thereupon all liability of the city on said bonds

expenses or mileage for any extra session that may be called within one day after the adjournment of a regular session. Committees of either house, or joint committees of both houses, appointed to examine the institutions of the state other than those at the seat of government, may receive their actual expenses, necessarily incurred while in the performance of such duty; the items of such expenses to be returned to the chairman of such committee, and by him certified to the state auditor, before the same, or any part thereof, can be paid. Each member may receive at each regular session an additional sum of thirty dollars, which shall be in full for all stationery used in his official capacity and all postage, and all other incidental expenses and perquisites; and no allowance or emoluments, for any purpose whatever, shall be made to or received by the members, or any member of either house, or for their use, out of the contingent fund or otherwise, except as herein expressly provided; and no allowance or emoluments, for any purpose whatever, shall ever be paid to any officer, agent, servant or employee of either house of the general assembly, or of any committee thereof, except such per diem as may be provided for by law, not to exceed five dollars.

FIFTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Providing for an increase of the limit of indebtedness that cities of 100,000 inhabitants or over may incur for the purpose of constructing or acquiring subways.

Joint and concurrent resolution providing for the amendment of article X of the Constitution of Missouri by adding a new section to be known as section 12b of said article, relating to the limit of indebtedness of certain cities.

Be it resolved by the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring therein, as follows:

That at the general election to be held on Tuesday next following the first Monday in November, A. D. 1914, the following amendment to the Constitution of the state of Missouri, relating to the limit of indebtedness of certain cities of the state of Missouri, shall be submitted for adoption or rejection to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri, to-wit: That article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri be and the same is hereby amended by [adding] a new section, to be known as section 12b of article X, and to read as follows:

Section 12b. Any city in this state containing one hundred thousand inhabitants or over may become indebted in a larger amount than specified in section 12 of article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri, not exceeding an additional five per centum on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the assessment next before the last assessment for state and county purposes previous to the incurring of such indebtedness, for the purpose of constructing or acquiring by purchase, or otherwise, within its corporate limits a subway or subways, with land, approaches and other appurtenances necessary for the construction and operation thereof, to be owned exclusively by such city for the transportation of persons, baggage, express and freight, and for pipes, wires and cables used for public service purposes: *Provided*, that no indebtedness authorized by this section shall be incurred without the assent of two-thirds of the qualified voters of such city voting for or against such increase of indebtedness: *and, provided further*, that such city shall, before or at the time of incurring any indebtedness authorized by this section, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on such indebtedness as it falls due; also to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof within thirty years from the time of contracting the same, if payment of such interest and principal be not provided for from the operation or lease of such subway or subways.

YES

NO

SIXTH CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Authorizing the qualified voters of road districts to increase by majority vote the local rate of taxation by levying a special tax for road purposes not to exceed sixty-five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation.

Joint and concurrent resolution submitting to the qualified voters of the state of Missouri an amendment to the Constitution thereof authorizing the qualified voters of road districts to increase the rate of taxation by levying a special tax for road purposes.

Be it resolved by the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring therein, as follows:

That at the general election to be held in this state on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1914, there shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state for adoption the following amendment to the Constitution thereof:

Section 1. That article 10 of the Constitution of Missouri be and the same is hereby amended by adding thereto the following section to be known as section 23, article 10 of the Constitution of the state of Missouri, which said section shall read as follows:

Section 23. In addition to the taxes authorized to be levied for county purposes under and by virtue of section 11 of article 10 of the Constitution of this state, and in addition to the special levy for road and bridge purposes authorized by section 22 of article 10 of the Constitution of this state, the qualified voters of any road district, general or special, are hereby empowered annually to make a special levy for road purposes only of not to exceed sixty-five cents on the one hundred dollars valuation, at an election held for such purpose, on the condition that a majority of the voters, who are taxpayers voting at such election, vote for such special levy. The taxes provided for in this section to be collected in the same manner as state and county taxes are collected, and placed to the credit of the respective road districts voting a levy as authorized herein.

YES

NO

of such certificates shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of state, and the other, after being recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds for the county in which such city lies, shall be deposited among the archives of such city, and all courts shall take judicial notice thereof. Such charter, so adopted, may be amended by a proposal therefor made by the lawmaking authorities of such city, published for at least three weeks in two newspapers printed therein, which have a *bona fide* sale or circulation in said city of at least two thousand copies of each issue in which said notice is published, one of which shall be a daily newspaper printed in the German language, and which has been published continuously for fifty-two weeks next before such publication, such publication to be made at least once each week and on the same day of the week in each of said three weeks; and the last publication to be within two weeks of the date of such election. Such amendment must be accepted by three-fifths of the qualified voters of such city voting on such proposition at a general or a special election, and not otherwise; and if three-fifths of all the legal votes cast on such proposition are in favor of such amendment to the charter, such amendment shall be adopted; such charter and all amendments thereof shall always be in harmony with and subject to the Constitution and laws of the state.

NINTH PROPOSITION.

REFERENDUM ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

Senate bill No. 117, enacted by the Forty-seventh General Assembly. Providing the minimum number of employees in crews on passenger, mail, express and freight trains, respectively, operated in the state of Missouri; making it unlawful for railroad and railway companies to operate such character of trains without such respective minimum number of employees in said crews, and prescribing penalties for violations of said act.

SENATE BILL NO. 117.

An act to promote the safety of employes and travelers upon railroads and railways in whole or in part within the state of Missouri, while operated within said state by any person, persons, partnership, or corporation, either as owner, lessee, or receiver, in any commerce, traffic, transportation, or intercourse between two or more points or places, wholly within said state by compelling said person, persons, partnership, or corporation to properly man their trains, and locomotives, and providing for violations thereof.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, persons, partnership or corporation, while operating either as owner, lessee, or receiver any railroad or railway, in whole or in part, within this state, in any commerce, traffic, transportation, or intercourse, between two or more points or places wholly within this state, to operate, or permit to be operated in any such commerce, traffic, transportation, or intercourse, any passenger, mail, or express train, not equipped with a crew consisting of at least one engineer, one fireman, one conductor, and one flagman, or to operate or permit to be operated in any such commerce, traffic, transportation, or intercourse any passenger, mail or express train composed of six cars or more not equipped with a crew consisting of at least one engineer, one fireman, one conductor, one flagman and one brakeman; provided this section, in so far as it requires a brakeman, in addition to the engineer, fireman, conductor and flagman, on passenger, mail and express trains, shall not apply to such trains carrying less than three coaches for the transportation of passengers.

Section 2. That it shall be unlawful for any such person, persons, partnership, or corporation, while operating within this state, either as owner, lessee, or receiver, any railroad or railway in whole or in part within the state to operate or permit to be operated in any such commerce, traffic, transportation, or intercourse, described in section 1 of this act, any freight train composed of less than forty cars, not equipped with a crew consisting of at least one engineer, one fireman, one conductor, one flagman, and one brakeman, or to operate or permit to be operated in any such commerce, traffic, transportation or intercourse, any freight train composed of forty cars or more not equipped with a crew consisting of at least one engineer, one fireman, one conductor, one flagman, and two brakemen; provided, that nothing in this act contained shall apply to relief or wrecking trains in any case where a sufficient number of men to comply with this act are not available for service on such relief or wrecking trains, nor any train consisting of only a locomotive when the crew of such train consists of at least one engineer, one fireman and one conductor, provided, further, that all local or way freight trains, doing local switching, loading or unloading local freight shall be equipped with a crew consisting of at least one conductor, one engineer, one fireman, one flagman, and two brakemen.

Sec. 3. This act shall not apply to branch or independent lines of less than forty-five (45) miles in length.

Sec. 4. Any person, persons, partnership, or corporation, while operating within said state, either as owner, lessee, or receiver, any railroad or railway in whole or in part within said state, as stated in the foregoing section of this act, and violating any of the provisions of this act, shall, as to each train, or locomotive used, run or operated in violation of the provisions of this act be liable to the state of Missouri in a penalty of not less than one hundred, nor more than five hundred dollars for each offense, and such penalty shall be recovered, and suit therefor shall be brought in the name

YES

NO

given by publication in some newspaper published in the county, and such notice shall be published in such newspaper for four consecutive weeks, and the last insertion shall be within ten days next before such election, and such other notice may be given as the county court ordering such election may think proper, in order to give general publicity to the election.

Sec. 4. That section 7241 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "or municipal body" in the sixth and seventh lines of said section, so that as amended said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 7241. All persons voting at any election held under the provisions of this article, who are against the sale of intoxicating liquors, shall have written or printed on their ballots, "against the sale of intoxicating liquors," and all those who are in favor of the sale of such intoxicating liquors shall have written or printed on their ballots, "for the sale of intoxicating liquors;" provided, that if the county court ordering such election deem it expedient, they may order that both the above sentences may be written or printed on the tickets to be used and voted at said election, with the further instruction printed on said tickets or ballots, "erase the clause you do not want."

Sec. 5. That section 7242 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "or municipal body" in the sixth line of said section, and by striking out the words "such election" in line fifteen of said section and inserting in lieu thereof the words "the filing of the petition for such election," and by striking out the words, "of the municipal body or" in line nineteen of said section, and by striking out the words "the municipal body or" in line twenty-one of said section, so that as amended said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 7242. If a majority of the votes cast at such election be "for the sale of intoxicating liquors" such intoxicating liquors may be sold under the provisions of existing laws regulating the sale thereof and the procuring of license for that purpose; and if a majority of the votes cast at such election be "against the sale of intoxicating liquors," the county court ordering such election shall publish the result of such election once a week for four consecutive weeks in the same newspaper in which the notice of election was published; and the provisions of this article shall take effect and be in force from and after the date of the last insertion of the publication last above referred to; and provided further, that no license to sell intoxicating liquors of any description prohibited by this article, shall be granted during the time of publication last above mentioned; and provided further, that this article shall not be so construed as to interfere with any license issued before the day of the filing of the petition for such election, but such license may run until the day of its expiration and shall not be renewed. The election in this article provided for, and the result thereof, may be contested in the same manner as is now provided by law for the contest of the election of county officers in this state by any qualified voter of the county in which said local option election shall be held by an action to contest as herein provided, and which shall be brought against the county holding such election.

Sec. 6. That section 7243 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "lying outside the corporate limits of any city or town having, at the date of such order of election, a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more, or city as the case may be" in lines four, five, six and seven, so that when amended said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 7243. If a majority of the votes cast at any election held under the provisions of this article shall be "against the sale of intoxicating liquors," it shall not be lawful for any person within the limits of such county to directly or indirectly sell, give away or barter in any manner whatever any kind of intoxicating liquors or beverage containing alcohol, in any quantity whatever, under the penalties hereinafter prescribed.

Sec. 7. That section 7244 of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909 be amended by striking out the words "or city as the case may be" in the fourth line of said section; and by adding to said section the words "provided that in any county in which an election has been held outside of the corporate limits of any city or town in such county, having at the time of such election a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more, under the provisions of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909, the first election under the provisions of this article, as amended, may be held at any time after four years from the date of the election held in such county outside of the corporate limits of any city or town having, at the time of such election, a population of twenty-five hundred inhabitants or more," so that when amended said section shall read as follows:

Sec. 7244. Whenever an election in this article provided for has been held and decided, either for or against the sale of intoxicating liquors, then the question shall not be again submitted within four years next thereafter in the same county and then only on a new petition and in every respect conforming to the provisions of this article; provided that in any county in which an election has been held outside of the corporate limits of any city or town in such county having, at the time of such election, a population of 2,500 inhabitants or more, under the provisions of article III of chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri for the year 1909, the first election under the provisions of this article, as amended, may be held at any time after four years from the date of the election held in such county outside of the corporate limits of any city or town having at the time of such election a population of twenty-five hundred inhabitants or more.

Approved March Tenth (10th), 1913.

YES

NO

REFERENDUM ORDERED BY THE PETITION OF THE PEOPLE.

House bill No. 6, enacted by Forty-seventh General Assembly. Abolishing the present board of police commissioners as appointed by the governor in cities having three hundred thousand inhabitants or more and providing for appointment by the mayor of such cities, in lieu of such board, of a bi-partisan board of police commissioners, and prescribing the number, qualifications, duties and salaries of the members thereof; and providing for the municipal assembly or common council of such cities to fix the salaries of the officers and policemen of said cities.

HOUSE BILL NO. 6.

An act to amend sections 9803 and 9804 of chapter 84 of article XX of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1909, relating to municipal corporations, laws applicable to cities having three hundred thousand inhabitants or over and to repeal section 9808 and enact a new section in lieu thereof to be known as section 9808.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, as follows:

Section 1. Section 9803 of chapter 84 of article XX of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1909, relating to municipal corporations, laws applicable to cities having three hundred thousand inhabitants, or over, is hereby repealed and the following new section enacted, to read as follows:

Section 9803. In all cities of this state that now have or may hereafter attain a population of three hundred thousand inhabitants, or over, there shall be and is hereby established within and for said cities a board of police, to consist of two commissioners, that one of the commissioners so appointed shall be a member of the leading political party opposed to that to which the mayor belongs as hereinafter provided, together with the mayor of said cities for the time being, or whosoever may be officially acting in that capacity and said board shall appoint one of its members as president and one member who shall act as vice-president during the absence of the president; and such president or vice-president shall be the executive officer of the board, and shall act for it when the board is not in session. The said commissioners shall be citizens of the state of Missouri and shall have been residents of the cities for a period of four years next preceding their appointment; they shall, except as hereinafter specified, hold their offices for a term expiring with the then official term of the mayor making the appointments, and until their successors shall be duly appointed and qualified; they shall each receive a salary of five thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly. Before entering upon the duties of the said offices, the said commissioners and the said mayor shall take and subscribe, before some judge of the circuit court of the judicial district in which said cities shall be located, or the clerk thereof, the oath of affirmation prescribed by the Constitution of the state of Missouri, and shall also take and subscribe before the same judge or clerk, the further oath or affidavit that in any and every appointment or removal, to be made by them to or from the police force, created and to be organized by them under this article, they will, in no case, and under no pretext, appoint or remove any policeman or officer of police or other person under them on account of the political opinions of such police officer or other person or for any other cause or reason than the fitness or unfitness of such a person, to the best judgment of such commissioners, for the place for which he shall be appointed or from the place from which he shall be removed. The said oaths or affirmations shall be recorded and preserved among the records of said circuit court. The vice-president shall be treasurer of said board of police. Before entering upon the duties of his office as treasurer, he shall give bond to the city of St. Louis, with one or more sureties, in the penalty of ten thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful discharge of his duties as treasurer of the board of police and for the faithful application and payment over, pursuant to the order and direction of said board, of all moneys which may come to his hands as such treasurer. The bond of the treasurer shall be approved by a judge of the circuit court of the judicial circuit in which said cities shall be located and shall be delivered to and safely kept by the register or clerk of said cities. The board shall appoint a secretary to act as such for the board of police commissioners, to serve during the pleasure of the board, and such appointment shall be additional to the number of appointments hereinafter provided for, and his salary shall be determined and fixed by the boards of police commissioners. The board may reorganize at its pleasure. A majority of the boards of police shall constitute a quorum and the failure or refusal of the mayor or acting mayor of said cities to qualify or act thereunder shall in no wise impair the right or duty of said commissioners to organize and proceed as herein provided. In case a vacancy shall occur on said board, the same shall be filled, for the unexpired term, by the mayor of said cities forthwith after having been notified that such vacancy exists. No police commissioner shall be eligible to any public office or place whatsoever during the whole period for which he was appointed, nor shall he be eligible for the nomination for any public office or place during such period. Such commissioners shall be removable from office by the mayor or governor at pleasure or by the council of said cities for cause, or by the courts as provided by law, and not otherwise. Provided, however, that in the event it becomes necessary for the governor to remove as many as three commissioners, then the governor shall, and is hereby vested with the power to fill vacancies created by such removal. Each commissioner shall devote all of his time to the duties of his office.

Section 2. Section 9804 of article XX of chapter 84 of the Revised Statutes of Missouri of 1909, relating to municipal

YES

NO

pose, due publication having been made of the provisions of the act for at least three months before such election, the act thus ratified shall be irrepealable until the debt thereby incurred shall be paid, principal and interest.

Fourth. The general assembly shall have full power to authorize the issuance of interest-bearing bonds of the state in the sum of fifty millions of dollars ($50,000,000.00) for the purpose of constructing and maintaining public roads and highways.

FIFTEENTH PROPOSITION.

Proposed by Initiative Petition.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

A proposition to authorize levy and collection of special taxes for road purposes, to issue bonds in any sum for said purposes, upon petition of taxpaying voters, providing for and authorizing construction and maintenance of highways, and authorizing governing body of governmental subdivision ordering construction, improvement, purchase or maintenance of such highways to either levy a direct tax for same or to issue interest bearing bonds and sell same, using proceeds thereof for such purposes, whether such highways are wholly or partly within and partly without the governmental subdivision proposing to make and pay for such highways or improvements.

Proposed constitutional amendment concerning revenue and taxation, amending article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri by adding a new section thereto, to be known as section 27, providing for the levy and collection of special taxes for road purposes, for the issuance of bonds in any sum for said purposes upon petition of tax-paying voters, and authorizing the construction and maintenance of highways partly, without the governmental subdivision paying for same.

Be it enacted by the people of the State of Missouri:

That article X of the Constitution of the state of Missouri is hereby amended by adding a new section thereto, to be known as section 27, as follows:

Section 27. Upon a petition signed by fifty-one per cent of tax-paying voters of the state or of any city of any class, whether organized under special charter or general law, or any town, village, township, road or school district, or any improvement district naming the proposed highway improvement being filed with the proper officials whose duty it now is to levy state or local taxes for the territory embraced in the district proposed to be taxed for the improvement, the state board of equalization or the proper local tax-levying authorities shall order a special tax levy against all property in the governmental tax subdivision named by petitioners sufficient to raise any amount necessary to make the proposed highway improvement, not exceeding, however, the amount named for such improvement in the petition asking therefor, provided if no amount is named in the petition therefor the authorities making the tax levy shall name the amount to be raised and expended. The taxes herein provided for shall be levied and collected in the same manner and at the same time as general state, city, county and local and township, school and district and special improvement taxes are now levied and collected, according to the fact as to whether the taxes are for state highway improvements or for one of the governmental subdivisions herein above named. The words "highway improvements" used herein shall include roads, drives, boulevards and streets, viaducts and bridges over streams either wholly within this state or over streams which may form a boundary between Missouri and other states. It is intended by this amendment to confer the power upon the state and cities of all classes, whether organized under a special charter or the general law, and all villages, towns, counties, townships, road, school and special improvement districts, upon petition of tax-paying voters as hereinbefore provided, to construct, purchase or acquire roads, drives, boulevards and bridges and viaducts, and to maintain, alter, improve and beautify the same. If in the opinion of the officials whose duty it shall be to make the tax levy for the proposed improvement it would be better to issue interest-bearing bonds instead of levying a direct tax for said improvements, then the said above named authorities shall issue bonds in amount sufficient to make the improvement and fix the time of maturity and rate of interest of said bonds, and sign the same and present them to the secretary of state of the state of Missouri, who shall stamp same with the seal of the state of Missouri and deliver same to the state auditor, who shall register same and then deliver said bonds to the officials who issued them, and said officials may then sell same. No new boards or commissions shall be created by the general assembly to carry out the provisions of this amendment, but the present tax-levying and assessing authorities in the various governmental subdivisions named above and the state board of equalization shall make the necessary assessments and levies according as the tax may be for state or city, county, township or district purposes, to the end that no unnecessary additional expenses be imposed on the taxpayers by the creation of additional superfluous offices. The existing officials performing duties hereunder shall receive the same compensation now provided for similar services under the general revenue laws of Missouri. All petitions for state improvements shall be presented to the state board of equalization, and petitions for city, county, village, township or district improvements to the tax-levying officials of said above named subdivisions. The above enumerated powers may be used by the state or any of the governmental subdivisions above named to construct, build, acquire and maintain highways, whether the said highways lie wholly within or partly within and partly without the governmental subdivision proposing to make the improvements and pay therefor.

YES

NO

Constitutional Amendment Ballot, to be true and correct, as certified to us by the Secretary of State, and are in compliance with the requirements of Section 5957, Revised Statutes 1909.

GEORGE W. DEMOTT, County Clerk.

OFFICIAL BALLOT

To be Voted on at the General Election to be Held on Tuesday, November 3rd, 1914

DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For Senator in Congress for Missouri:
WILLIAM J. STONE.

For State Superintendent of Public Schools:
HOWARD A. GASS.

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One.:
JAMES T. BLAIR.

For Representative in Congress Fourth District.
CHARLES F. BOOHER.

For Representative:
ARTHUR S. ROBEY.

For Presiding Judge County Court:
WM. M. BLACKFORD.

For Judge County Court North District
JOHN CAMPBELL.

For Judge County Court South District
MATTHEW F. FARNAN.

For Judge Probate Court:
JESSE F. ROBERTSON.

For Clerk Circuit Court:
GEORGE HENRY WESTFALL.

For Clerk County Court:
FRED J. YEOMANS.

For Recorder of Deeds:
DAN R. BAKER

For Prosecuting Attorney:
WILLIAM G. SAWYERS.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Senator in Congress for Missouri:
THOMAS J. AKINS.

For State Superintendent of Public Schools:
WILLIAM P. EVANS.

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One.:
R. S. ROBERTSON.

For Representative in Congress Fourth District:
M. E. OTIS.

For Representative:
CHAS. HYSLOP.

For Presiding Judge County Court:
W. O. GARRETT.

For Judge County Court North District
E. T. BAILEY.

For Judge County Court South District
JESSE W. SPOONEMORE.

For Judge Probate Court:
WILLIAM H. CONN.

For Clerk Circuit Court:
LEONARD S. MENDENHALL.

For Clerk County Court:
C. G. McMILLEN.

For Recorder of Deeds:
J. ARTHUR WRAY.

For Prosecuting Attorney:
WILLIAM H. CRAWFORD.

PROGRESSIVE TICKET

For Senator in Congress for Missouri:
ARTHUR N. SAGER.

For State Superintendent of Public Schools:
HARRY C. MYERS.

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One.:
TYRRELL WILLIAMS.

For Representative in Congress Fourth District:
NATHANIEL SISSON.

For Representative:
JOHN H. SEWELL.

For Presiding Judge County Court:
MADISON GOODSON.

For Judge County Court North District

For Judge County Court South District
CLARENCE R. LEEPER.

For Judge Probate Court:
RICHARD L. McDOUGAL

For Clerk Circuit Court:
WILLIAM H. GILBERT.

For Clerk County Court:
LULA M. ROBINSON.

For Recorder of Deeds:
JESSIE L. PARCHER.

For Prosecuting Attorney:
FRED P. ROBINSON.

PROHIBITION TICKET

For Senator in Congress for Missouri:
O. J. HILL.

For State Superintendent of Public Schools:
JOHN W. HARRIS.

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One.:
GEORGE E. BOWLING.

For Representative in Congress Fourth District:
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For Representative:
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For Presiding Judge County Court:
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For Judge County Court North District
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For Judge County Court South District
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For Judge Probate Court:
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For Clerk Circuit Court:
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For Clerk County Court:
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For Recorder of Deeds:
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For Prosecuting Attorney:
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SOCIALIST TICKET

For Senator in Congress for Missouri:
THOMAS E. GREENE.

For State Superintendent of Public Schools:
WILLIAM L. GARVER.

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One.:
KENNETH B. MARTIN.

For Representative in Congress Fourth District:
FRITZ B. MOSER.

For Representative:
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For Presiding Judge County Court:
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For Judge County Court North District
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For Judge County Court South District
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For Judge Probate Court:
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For Clerk Circuit Court:
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For Clerk County Court:
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For Recorder of Deeds:
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For Prosecuting Attorney:
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SOCIALIST LABOR TICKET

For Senator in Congress for Missouri:
J. W. MOLINEUX.

For State Superintendent of Public Schools:
JOSEPH SPALTI.

For Judge Supreme Court (Division No. One.:
SIDNEY JOHNSON.

For Representative in Congress Fourth District:
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For Representative:
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For Presiding Judge County Court:
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For Judge County Court North District
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For Judge County Court South District
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For Judge Probate Court:
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For Clerk Circuit Court:
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For Clerk County Court:
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For Recorder of Deeds:
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For Prosecuting Attorney:
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STATE OF MISSOURI)
)SS.
COUNTY OF NODAWAY)

I, George W. Demott Clerk of the County Court within and for the County of Nodaway, State of Missouri, hereby certify that the above and foregoing forms of ballots, as certified to us by Secretary of State, are in compliance with the requirements of section 5851 Revised Statutes of 1909.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Seal of the County Court. Done at office in City of Maryville, this 17th day of October, 1914.

GEORGE W. DeMOTT,
County Clerk.

(SEAL.)

Buyers of Roofing

are asked to consult our advertisements for full information about roofing matters. We want you to become acquainted with the numerous merits of

Certain-teed

Quality Certified Roofing Durability Guaranteed

It is recognized all over the world as the modern, scientific method of covering all types of buildings—houses, barns, churches, apartment houses, farm buildings, factories, warehouses, skyscrapers, school and university buildings.



Four Reasons for *Certain-teed*

I. Highest quality possible to make.
II. Greatest durability in any weather.
III. Guaranteed in writing, 1-ply 5 years, 2-ply 10 years, 3-ply 15 years.
IV. Most reasonable in price.

AMERICA'S OPPORTUNITY.

There are altogether too many pessimists in this country who are kicking about the effect of the European war on business. Coming as it did immediately after a period of depression it kindled anew in the minds of some people the feeling that prosperity would not return for a long time. As a matter of fact the war's big cost will fall on Europe and as soon as the final treaties of peace are signed the commercial and financial ascendency of the United States is bound to begin—then we will have to get busy and figure out ways and means to fill orders helping to rebuild Europe and we will have no time to lament over anything.

As a result of the war there has been a more or less disarrangement of business and finance, but it is now well in hand and will entirely stop as soon as peace is in sight—and that should be soon.

This war has given the United States a greater opportunity to increase its foreign trade than any other country has ever had. German foreign commerce is practically stopped and the commerce of other European nations at war is very severely affected. A large part of this trade will surely come to us if we are properly equipped to take it over. The opportunity presented requires a first-class merchant marine which this country has not had since the Civil war. With the re-establishment of a merchant marine the commerce of the United States will again be transported to all parts of the world in American bottoms, and we will become the greatest financial power in the world. We believe some new records for big business are not far ahead, for the entire United States of America. Let us supply America's needs. This alone will make business improve greatly.

Certain-teed Roofing is for sale by dealers everywhere at reasonable prices.

General Roofing Mfg. Company
World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers.
R. A. Long Building, Kansas City Mo.
Telephone Main 3700—Both Phones
New York City Boston Chicago Pittsburgh
Philadelphia Atlanta Cleveland Detroit
St. Louis Cincinnati Kansas City Minneapolis
San Francisco Seattle London Hamburg Sydney

Leaves for Kansas.

Miss Blanche Barley of Washington, Kan., who has been spending a couple of months with her cousin, Miss Ina Hallowell, has returned to her home.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—20,000. Market for common weak, best strong. Estimate tomorrow, 4,000.

Hogs—38,000. Market 5c lower; top, $7.60. Estimate tomorrow, 22,000.

Sheep—38,000. Market steady.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—22,000. Market strong.

Hogs—9,000. Market 5c lower; top, $7.35.

Sheep—15,000. Market steady.

ST. JOSEPH.

Cattle—2,600. Market slow.

Hogs—4,500. Market 5c lower.

Sheep—1,500. Market steady.

POTATOES

Another car of those Red River Ohio Potatoes, the kind that every one who bought out of other car was so well pleased with. The nice smooth strictly good cooking kind. 1 bushel of these are worth 1½ bu., of common kind, don't put in your valuable time and waist your money on small rough, deep eyed potatoes when you can buy good ones for

65 Cents

On Wabash Track, Bring Your Sacks. For particulars phone 143 Peoples Phone.

J. W. HERNDON
GEO. L. EVANS

TURK TAKES STAND WITH THE TEUTON

Allies' Envoys Get Passports.

ELEVEN POWERS AT WAR

Entry of Three More Now Seems Very Probable.

SULTAN'S SOLDIERS IN EGYPT.

Turkish Troops Are Reported to Have Crossed Frontier.

WAR SUMMARY

Turkey, allied with the Teutons, is now at war with Great Britain, France and Russia and the world is watching intently the Balkans, where the smoke of their own warfare has scarcely been dissipated, in anticipation of the states there aligning themselves with one or the other of the contending factions.

Turkey claims that Russia, by firing on its ships while they were maneuvering in the Black sea, opened hostilities between the two countries. Russia, however, denies this statement.

In the zone of warfare in Belgium and France, fierce encounters continue at various points. While the French say there is nothing to report on the north end of the line in Belgium except that all the attacks of the Germans have been repulsed, the Germans report progress toward their objective—Calais. They also say that they have taken a number of prisoners.

The Belgians say they have defeated the Germans on the railroad between Nieuport and Dixmude.

A battle is raging in the forest of Argonne and engagements continue near the eastern end of the line around Verdun and Toul.

The Russians claim victories on the East Prussian frontier and along the entire line beyond the Vistula. The Austrians, however, say they have gained a complete victory over the Russians in Galicia.

London, Nov. 2.—Turkey has definitely thrown in its lot with Austria and Germany, and if Portugal is counted, there now are eleven powers at war, with prospects of three more—Greece, Bulgaria and Roumania—being drawn in.

The note which Great Britain presented to Turkey, demanding an explanation of the actions of the Turkish fleet in the Black sea and dismantling of the former German cruisers, the Goeben and Breslau, was really an ultimatum, to which Turkey was required to make a reply by Saturday.

So far as is known here no answer was made and the ambassadors at the Ottoman capital of the triple entente, it is understood, demanded and received their passports.

Turkish troops, which had been on the Egyptian border for some time, already are reported to have crossed the frontier, while the Turkish fleet continues to menace Russian towns and shipping in the Black sea.

Neither Russia nor Great Britain was unprepared for this movement by Turkey, which, government officials say, was known to be under the influence of Germany, and the allied powers have forces on hand ready to oppose a Turkish invasion.

Attitude of Moslem Subjects.

The problem, both for England and Russia, however, is the attitude of their Moslem subjects, who under ordinary circumstances would prefer not to fight against Turkey. In this war however, they have rallied to their flag, as have all other races under British or Russian rule, and care is being taken to explain to them that in this case Turkey, under the direction of Germany, has been the aggressor.

Another problem relates to the attitude of Roumania, Bulgaria and Greece. Bulgaria, owing its existence to Russia and being under many obligations to Great Britain, besides being desirous of securing Thrace, as far east as the Enos-Midia line, which it was awarded by the London conference after the first Balkan war, but which Turkey retook when Bulgaria was attacked by Greece and Servia, would naturally side with the entente powers, but objects, political observers point out, to fighting side by side with Greece and Servia.

Italy, too, is brought nearer to war by the entrance of Turkey, for it has large Mediterranean possessions to protect, which would not be safe with a strengthened Turkey.

Does Your Watch, Clock or Jewelry Need Repairing?
All Work Guaranteed
Prices Reasonable
CRANE'S
We Regulate Your Watch Free

Westminster Guild.

The Westminster Guild will meet at 7:30 o'clock tomorrow evening at the home of Miss Leona Willard, with Miss Willard and Miss Margaret Lee Winston as hostesses.

First of the Month
Grocery Sale
AT
Townsend's
BIG CASH STORE

Here Are The Prices That Save You Real Money

ON TUESDAY
100-lb. sack Fine Granulated Sugar.....$5.65

ON WEDNESDAY
18-lb. Fine Granulated Sugar for $1.00 if ordered with other goods.

These prices good Tuesday and Wednesday

New Rolled Oats, 25c pkgs for.....16c
Finest Cream Cheese, lb.....20c
Hanover Sour Kraut, none better, packed for winter use, gal.....25c
Special price on 10-gallon lotss or over.
Jonathan or Grimes Golden Eating Apples, per basket.....15c
Virginia Sweet Potatoes, bushel..$1.20
Home grown Sweet Potatoes, bushel for.....90c
1914 crop Santa Clara Prunes now ready.
Size 80s, 3 lbs.....25c
Size 60s, 2 lbs.....25c
Size 40c, per lb.....15c
New Apricots, good quality, 2 lbs..25c
Nodaway County Sorghum, gallon size pails.....65c
Half-gallon size pails.....35c
Yankee Peanut Candy, 20c goods, per pound.....10c
Fresh Peanut Candy Squares, lb...10c
Fairy Marshmallows, 2 lbs.....25c
Best Salted Peanuts, 2 lbs.....25c

Extra Inducement During November on
Apples and Potatoes
We have a number of car loads to arrive this month. Our prices are under the market and the quality was never better. See us for your winter supply.

30c four-seam well made Brooms..19c
15c patent Mop Stick for.....8c
No. 10 quart heavy Galvanized Bucket for.....12c
12 cans Fancy Grade Iowa Sugar Corn for.....77c
12 cans quart size new pack Tomatoes, none better.....97c
12 cans quart size best Lye Hominy for.....67c
12 cans Red iKdney Beans, best....87c
12 cans Pork and Beans, with tomato sauce.....77c
Fresh Lettuce, Celery, Cauliflower, Etc., daily.
5c each for extra good Florida Grape Fruit.
Bushel choice Cooking Apples.....85c
10c bottles Cream of Horseradish, 2 for.....15c
Large jar Onion Salad, 10c; 3 for..25c
Fresh Turnips, bushel.....55c
Sweet Cider, gal.....25c

FINE CABBAGE this week—big supply—price right—solid heads Holland Cabbage, $1.50 per cwt.

Townsend'

OIL MILLIONS FOR WAR VICTIMS

Rockefeller Foundation to Aid Noncombatan's.

SHIP IS ALREADY CHARTERED.

Largest Neutral Craft In Harbor of New York, and It Will Sail Directly For Rotterdam With Four Thousand Tons of Provisions.

New York, Nov. 2.—The Rockefeller foundation has decided to employ its immense resources for the relief of non-combatants in the countries afflicted by the war, and stands ready to give "millions of dollars if necessary" for the purpose. This was announced by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., president of the foundation.

In pursuance of this philanthropy, the foundation will send a commission to Europe in a few days to report first hand as to how, when and where aid can be rendered most effectivey. At a cost of $275,000 it already has chartered a ship and loaded it with 4,000 tons of provisions for the relief of the starving Belgians.

"This action is taken," Mr. Rockefeller says, "as a natural step in fulfilling the chartered purposes of the foundation, namely, 'to promote the well being of mankind throughout the world.'"

The supplies are consigned to the American consul at Rotterdam and will be distributed by the Belgian relief commission.

Mr. Rockefeller has been in communication with Ambassador Page at London and made public a telegram in which the ambassador describes the dire need of the Belgians, and says that "it will require $1,000,000 a month for seven or eight months to prevent starvation."

"In fact," the ambassador said "many will starve now before food can reach them." He added that the British government forbids the export of food and that none can be bought on the continent.

STANDARD OIL SUED

New Jersey Grand Jury Brings Action as Result of Rate Cutting War.

New York, Nov. 2.—Indictments under the "seven sisters" act, charging violation of New Jersey anti-trust laws, were returned against the Standard Oil company of New Jersey and the Gulf Refining company by the Hudson county grand jury in Jersey City. The act in question prohibits foreign or domestic corporations from owning stock in other companies.

The indictments grew out of a cut rate war during the summer. The Standard and Gulf Refining companies cut the price of gasoline until it was down to 9 cents a gallon. The matter was brought to the attention of the grand jury by the Crew-Lavick Oil company, which instituted suit against the Standard Oil company of New Jersey on the ground that it had entered into a conspiracy with the Gulf Refining company to drive the plaintiff out of business by starting the price cutting war. The case was thrown out of court by Judge Swayze of the state supreme court, who directed the grand jury of Hudson county to investigate the charge.

It is alleged that the Standard owns stock in the Gulf Refining compapany in violation of the "seven sisters" act.

U. S. ACTS FOR ALLIES

Takes Charge of British and French Interests In Turkey.

Washington, Nov. 2.—Turkey has announced that Russian consuls in the Ottoman empire will not be permitted to leave until assurances of safe conduct are given Turkish consuls in Russia, according to a cablegram from Ambassador Morgenthau there. Great Britain and France have placed their interests in Turkey in the hands of the American embassy and the Turkish consul at Havre has turned over his consulate to the United States and he will leave France. The Turkish minister of the interior informed Mr Morgenthau that Turkish warships within the last three days had bombarded sebastopol.

Fifty More Saved Off Wreck of Rohilla

Whitby, Eng., Nov. 2.—Fifty persons, all who remained clinging to the wreckage of the British hospital ship Rohilla, which crashed on the rocks near here, were brought ashore by a motor lifeboat. The captain of the ship was among them. The total number of people saved is 146. The exact number lost is not known, but is thought to be about fifty-four.

Lord Nairne Killed on Battlefield.

London, Nov. 2.—Lord Nairne, the second son of the Marquis of Lansdowne, Conservative leader in the house of lords, has been killed in action. He was a major in the First dragoons and served in the South African war.

Avalanche Kills Swiss Soldiers.

Berne, Nov. 2.—A huge avalanche overwhelmed a detachment of Swiss soldiers in the mountains near St Maurice. Four of the men were instantly killed and two were gravely injured. Eleven others were dug out alive.

All aboard for
Wray's election!
He's a crackerjack
selection.
We're a goin'
his direction.
Jump right in;
we've no objection.

Remember to
Re-elect Wray
Recorder. That's
Reasonable

—Advertisement

Fine Two Drunks.

Charles Talbot and Reuben Alvis of Elmo were each fined $5 and costs for having been drunk, in police court this morning. Each pleaded guilty. Neither paid and were committed to jail.

Read Democrat-Forum want ads.

Returns to Oklahoma.

Mrs. Charles Willson of Muskogee, Okla., who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. C. L. Wright, has returned to her home.

Read Democrat-Forum want ads.

Chas. A. Jensen

Poultry, Hides, Furs, Wool, Eggs, Cream. Highest market prices guaranteed at all times. Agency for U. S. Interlocking Cream Separator. Supplies for all standard makes of machines. Office first door north of Real Estate bank. Warehouse corner Fifth and Fillmore. All phones.



The Probate Court of Nodaway County

Shall we remain another term, is the question to be determined by the voters of Nodaway County; and after examining our record, and consulting with those with whom we have done business, you should find that it would be to your interest and to the interest of the people of Nodaway County, to give us your support at the next November election, it will be greatly appreciated.

Truly Yours,
W. H. CONN

—Advertisement

Democrat-Forum Want Ads Get Results

Everybody uses Democrat-Forum Want Ads when they have anything to sell.

Everybody looks for Democrat-Forum Want Ads when they want to buy.



SAM BERNARD
popular musical comedy star
"A tin of Tuxedo is my constant companion. I like it especially because it has never given me a bit of throat trouble. The smoothest smoke ever."

Sam Bernard



RICHARD CARLE
Star of "Mary's Lamb," "The Spring Chicken," etc.
"Tuxedo is my idea of what a good, wholesome smoke should be. I'm for it—always."

Richard Carle



CLIFTON CRAWFORD
well-known comedian, of "Quaker Girl" fame
"Tuxedo is my co-star. I attribute a good deal of my success to it, because it makes my nerves behave. And as for voice culture! Try Tuxedo."

Clifton Crawford

Tuxedo—the Most Enjoyable and the Most Healthful Smoke

THE most enjoyable smoke is a pipe. But many men deny themselves this pleasure because they have had unhappy experiences with pipe tobaccos.

Likely you have paid 35 cents to 50 cents for a tin of "fancy mixture," and it burned your mouth or throat, or was unpleasantly strong.

Too bad—but you got the wrong tobacco. The hundreds of thousands of men who have tried

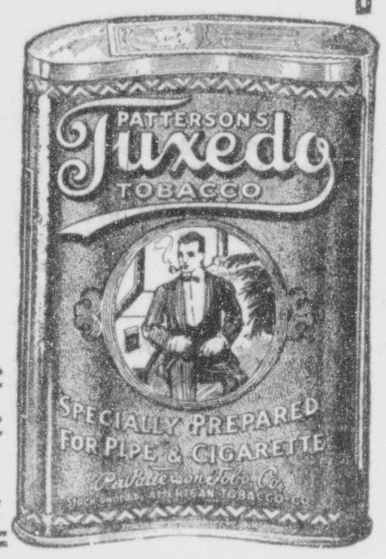
Tuxedo

The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarette

have found the answer to their smoke problems. Tuxedo is the *mildest* tobacco made. It cannot bite the tongue or dry the throat.

And it's economical. There are *40* pipefuls in a ten-cent tin. You can't get any better tobacco because nothing better grows than the mellow, perfectly aged Burley leaf used in Tuxedo.

If you try Tuxedo for a month and cut out other smokes, you will not only have had the best month of smoking you have ever had in your life, but you will have made a mighty big saving in your pocket-money!



YOU CAN BUY TUXEDO EVERYWHERE

Famous green tin with gold lettering, curved to fit the pocket **10c**

Convenient pouch, *inner-lined* with moisture-proof paper . . **5c**

In Glass Humidors 50c and 90c

THE AMERICAN TOBACCO COMPANY

TO AWAIT RESULTS

(Continued from first page.)

Stone and the entire state ticket. The senator will undoubtedly lead Mr. Akins, the Republican candidate, by fully 60,000, and I should not be surprised if Stone's lead ran much higher than this figure, possibly between 75,000 and 100,000. The majority that will be received by Stone and the state ticket depends entirely upon the extent of the vote. If there is anything near a full vote the Democratic ticket will win by an immense vote.

"We expect to elect sixteen Democratic congressmen and a large majority in both the senate and house of the Missouri general assembly, as well as the greater proportion of the local officers throughout the state. In the city of St. Louis the developments indicate a sweeping Democratic triumph for both state and city tickets. I feel confident that the city ticket will win by majorities ranging up to 10,000. In Jackson county and Kansas City the Democratic ticket will far out-distance both the Republican and Progressive tickets. Stone's vote will exceed Akins' vote in Jackson county by at least 15,000 to 20,000. My judgment is that the Progressive ticket will poll nearly twice the vote of the Republicans in Jackson county. Throughout the state there is every indication that the Progressive vote will be much larger than our Republican opponents have expected, and that the showing made by the Progressives will be surprisingly large. Our precinct reports, passed upon carefully taken polls, show that in many localities the Progressive vote will be equally as great as it was two years ago, although in other counties a considerable portion of the Progressives will either vote the Democratic ticket or remain at home.

"Taken all in all, the outlook is splendid from a Democratic standpoint. All that Democratic workers throughout the state need do is to see to it that every Democratic vote is polled. With even the normal Democratic vote we will sweep the state.

CHICHESTER S PILLS



THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Neglect Ruins 100 Watches

where use wears out one.

Keep your watch clean, and it's as natural for it to go as it is for your heart to beat.

Let it get dirty and stay dirty—and you are shortening its life everyday.

Bring your watches in and let us see if they need attention. No job too difficult for us.

Rains Brothers
OPTICIANS
"JUST A STEP EAST MAIN"

IF MEALS HIT BACK AND STOMACH SOURS

"Pape's Diapepsin" Ends Indigestion, Gas, Dyspepsia and Stomach Misery in Five Minutes.

If what you just ate is souring in your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach headache, you can get blessed relief in five minutes.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula, plainly printed on these fifty-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin, then you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why they relieve sour, out-of-order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. "Pape's Diapepsin" is harmless; tastes like candy, though each dose will digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but, what will please you most, is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh ,and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness or constipation.

This city will have many "Pape's Diapepsin" cranks, as some people will call them, but you will be enthusiastic about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever take it for indigestion, gases, heartburn, sourness, dyspepsia, or any stomach misery.

Get some now, this minute, and rid yourself of stomach trouble and indigestion in five minutes.

Nebraska Visitor Here.

Mrs. Charlotte Watkins of Alliance, Neb., arrived in the city Saturday to visit her sister, Mrs. James Colvin, and family of West Third street.

Kodaks and supplies at Crane's.

F. R. ANTHONY M. D.,

Specialist.

Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office hours 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

DR. G. A. NASH,
Surgery and Diseases of Women.
Office 222 1-2 North Main Street.
(OVER CRANE'S BOOK STORE)
Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 5 p. m.; Evenings at residence 1417 E. Third Street.

F. M. RYAN, M. D.,
GENERAL PRACTICE.
Office on North Buchanan street, west of library.
All phones—Office, Hanamo 75; residence, Hanamo 175. Farmers, residence 187; office 106.

CHARLES E. STILWELL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.
Office over Maryville National bank, Maryville, Mo.

Engelmann's
Chrysanthemums

When receiving a box of Engelmann's Chrysanthemums cut off the bottom of the stems a trifle before putting them into the water, repeat this daily and change the water every other day and they will last about two weeks. The lasting quality is one reason why the Chrysthanthemum is so popular. We offer an extra nice selection of large blooms all colors, 15c, 20c and 25c each. Special for Satu day October 31st, Carnations all colors 50c per dozen. Visit our Chrysanthemum home now.

The Engelmann Greenhouses
1001 S. MAIN ST. PHONE 17

WANTS

Classified ads running three days or more one-half cent per word for each insertion minimum rate 25c for three days. Interrupted insertions 1 cent a word for each insertion.

Let a want ad sell those things for which you have no use.

Through The Democrat-Forum classified column you can find a market. Convert those unused things into cash.

Everybody reads the want ads.

SHAVE 10c, except Saturdays; hair cut 20c. Protzman's. 26-tf

Duroc Jersey male pigs, two miles north K. C. depot. Farmers phone 2220. John Anderson. 26-2

FOR RENT—Modern 10-room house. Phone 4377 Hanamo. Mrs. W. W. Byers. 22-tf

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey boars, one aged. Some yearlings and spring pigs. All immune. A. B. Dowden and Dale Partridge, Farmers phone.

FOR SALE—Wood, lumber and posts. See Saunders Brothers, Hanamo phone 3698. 27-tf

FOR SALE—My property, 515 South Market street. 7 rooms and bath. Strictly modern. See me at above address. Daniel Lynch. 26-7

FOR RENT—Four rooms, suitable for light housekeeping. 213 North Main street. Inquire J. A. Ford. 29-tf

WANTED—Young man wants steady job on farm. Experienced. Inquire Democrat-Forum office. 30-2

FOR RENT—8-room modern house, 2 lots, vacant Nov. 1, or will trade for smaller property. See O. L. Holmes. 14-tf

BRAN, $1.05 hundred in 500-pound lots, at the mill. Glover & Alexander. 30-tf

WANTED—Work; nursing preferred. Mrs. Nellie Waybill, phone 3724. 31-3

LOST—A gold medal pin, St. Patrick's high school teachers' course. Margaret Heffern. Return to this office. A reward. 31-2

FOR RENT—Furnished room, three blocks from square. 110 South Fillmore. 10-tf

FOR SALE—162-acre farm, 6-room house, nearly new barn, 7½ miles from Maryville, for quick sale; $90 per acre; good terms. Smith & Grems. 31-tf

SEE or phone me for superior home-grown alfalfa hay, baled or loose. No moldy or rotten cored bales. Sold in half ton lots and up. Elmer Fraser. 5-tf

WANTED—First class farmer wants job on farm where he can keep his family. Also good timber man. Best references. J. T. Wyatt, Barnard, Mo. 2-5

FOR SALE—Duroc Jersey boar, March farrow. Hanamo 51 J. Robert C. Powell. 2-14

FOR RENT—8-room house 4 blocks from square. Good condition, all modern conveniences. See Allen Bros. 30-2

FOR SALE—Peter Schuttler wagon, all complete. E. E. TILTON. 26-1.

FOR SALE—Second-hand wagon and work harness. Cheap if sold soon. Phone 3724. 31-3

SANITARY ENGINEERING requires experienced mechanics and good materials. Our appliances and "knowing how" insures satisfaction. Standard Plumbing Co.

I have a splendid late model 9-cylinder car recently taken in on debt. Will sell at very low price. Splendid bargain. Write or phone E. M. Wallace, St. Joseph, Mo. 26-6

WANTED—Men to learn the barber trade. Be independent. Short term qualifies. Positions waiting. Our graduates qualified for best jobs. Wages while learning. Tools given. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Kansas City, Mo. 31-5

Read Democrat-Forum want ads.

All This Week at the Fern.

Tuesday—The House on the Hill is a Vitagraph drama in two parts. The Meal Ticket is a Biograph drama. Her Trip to New York is an Essanay.

Wednesday—A Gentleman of Leisure is an Essanay drama in two parts.

Loyalty, electric natural colored feature in five acts is a love story of Hans and Gretchen in Germany.

Thursday—Second Sight is a Vitagraph drama. At the End of the Rope is a Kalem drama in two parts. The Condemning Hand is a Biograph drama

Friday—Broadway Star Feature. The Wheat and the Tares is a Vitagraph drama in two parts. Hearst-Selig war news. Do you know that you can see scenes of the European war each Friday at the Fern. They Bought a Boat is a comedy.

Saturday—George Ades fable. "The Maneuvers of Joel and Father's Second Time on Earth. The Downward Path is a two reel feature by Lubin. The District Attorney's Burglar is a Biograph drama.

OPPOSES TOWNSHIP

(Continued from page 1,-

necessity of cooperation which is a very uncertain matter.

Again from an economical standpoint we now have five township officials in each of fifteen townships making seventy-five in all which would be done away with, the work of the township boards being done through the county court and the assessing and collecting being done by a county official elected for those respective offices.

True it would make a job paying a fair salary but should be sufficient to attract men of ability who would give a more equitable assessment and make a better collection than under the present system. In addition to more efficient work because of reducing the lost motion of sixteen organizations to that of one, there is also the saving of expense of operation even if the work were done no better than now and no more of it.

By calculations I have made from statistics furnished me by county and township officials I deduced the following: Saved annually by difference in assessment in changing from township to central county organization, $172.80; by meetings of township boards $2,160; by filing of bills $450; by collection $1,932. This would make a total saving annually of $4,714.80.

Now voter be fair to yourself and your neighbor. Do not be blinded by the glamour of a petty office that you think of much less importance than your personal affairs. Give this a second thought anyway before you decide and look about you. See if you really approve of this manner of doing business, and if it is worth $5,000 a year to have seventy-three extra officials scattered over the county. Remember that everybody's business is no body's business.

Signed,
SAM H. CONLIN,
Barnard, October 31.

F. P. Robinson & Co's

SALE OF

Mammoth Poland-Chinas

We will sell at the Star Feed Yard In Maryville, Missouri

Thursday, November 5th, 1914

At 1:30 p. m.

62—Head Spring Pigs—62

Consisting of 28 Boars and 34 Gilts
They are of February, March and April Farrow, and weigh from 200 to 300 pounds.

They are our usual kind, with great length, very heavy bone, great depth and width of body, and the best feeders you ever saw. This offering are the tops of our 1914 crop, and worth coming a long way to see.

TERMS:—Cash or its equivilant, which means a note that your banker will take off our hands at face value.

Crates furnished for shipping only. Every animal eligible to register and pedigree furnished.

Come and see a good bunch whether you want to buy or not.

R. P. HOSMER, AUCTIONEER

F. P. Robinson & Company

J. W. EVANS
Auctioneer
Will make sales of every description. Farmers' phone 179.
Maryville, Mo.

PERFECT FITTING GLASSES



Are assured you if you come to Crane's. Our expert optician will test your eyes free and fit them with the proper glasses. Prices reasonable. **H. T. CRANE.**

Saving and Success

SAVING is the first great principle for success.

It creates independence and stimulates a man to do his best.

If you have not already started a savings account with us do so at once.

With one dollar and a determination to succeed you can lay a good foundation for future prosperity.

You won't miss what you save—the result will surprise you.

Farmers Trust Company
"HOME OF SAVINGS"
Maryville, - Missouri

4% ON SAVINGS DEPOSITS

START A
Bank Account

DEPOSITS OF ONE DOLLAR AND UPWARDS RECEIVED IN OUR SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

INTEREST PAID TWICE A YEAR

Oldest Bank in the County

Nodaway Valley Bank

A BANK FOR SAVINGS

MARYVILLE -:- -:- MISSOURI